RAJA HARISCHANDRA
AT
WEST END
CINEMA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

WEST END
CINEMA
THE COOLEST AND THE MOST
COMFORTABLE THEATRE
IN BOMBAY.

VOL. V NO 232 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1917. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

BRANDY Rs. 5-4 Per Bot.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co., will be despatched to London at frequent intervals calling at Aden, Port Said and Marseilles.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch Mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I., sailings may be arranged on

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,

Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
BOMBAY BRANCH

Alice Buildings, Fort,

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OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE.—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 128 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 819,057.

Steamers will be despatched at regular intervals to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

For freight and other particulars regarding sailing, etc., please apply to the Undersigned.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro Tonic Pearls.

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of over work and dissipation. In cases of premature old age, involuntary discharges and weariness after slight effort these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.

SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
Market, BOMBAY.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,250,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandlay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumu
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa.
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe India, Africa, America and Australia ar purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia, Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Established 1887.)

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 36,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 22,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at.

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Pongtien	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	(Mukden)	Tiehling
Hongkong	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tokyo
Kobe	New York	Tsingtau
Los Angeles (Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Pekin	
	Singapore	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for One year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

EVERY description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBR, 1900.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 10,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.

Mandvi Branch and Sandhurst Road Branch

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed ..... Rs. 1,80,00,000

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONERS.
Lieut D C G Murray, Engineers.

Annual Income exceeds.. Rs. 25,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.

Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

THE
ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

INDIA'S
Model Life Assurance Company.

FUNDS OVER	CLAIMS PAID OVER.
Rs. 5,50,00,000	Rs. 5,00,00,000

The Question of the Moment!

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTAL" without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.

Full particulars and forms on application.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

HOTELS

THE EVER POPULAR.

EMPRESS HOTEL
NASIK ROAD,
DEOLALI.

MODERATE CHARGES.

FAMOUS FOR CUISINE

SPACIOUS GYMKHANA

CONSUMPTION.

APOLOGY.

Owing to rapid increase of patients due to the

WONDERFUL RESULTS

of my treatment, there has been considerable delay in sending V. P. P. orders. All orders will now be sent in 2 or 3 days.

CONTRAST.

900,000 died last year of Phthisis in India. Thousands of Doctors must have treated them.

NONE of my patients died who took 3 months medicines.

Patients in 9 countries. What more convincing proof do you want that all other treatments fail and that I have

THE ONLY CURE?

Think well over this case and then come to me.

Bombay patient, last stage almost bedridden, declared "hopeless" by famous Specialists. Latest report. "Thanks for the cough mixture which has done my daughter's cough good, she is still free from fever, she is better and stronger and able to get about more."

No matter how many doctors tell you your case is "hopeless."

I CAN CURE YOU.

Trust the man who cured a well-known Government Official under supervision of Government Doctor.

Rev. G. R. WALTERS,
M.L., LL.D.

76, Lamington Road,
Opposite Lal Chimney.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.
NO. 28, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF SULPHATE OF ALUMINA.

Under instructions from the Office concerned, Simla, Sept. officers will TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 3.30 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms:—

86 casks equal to 15 tons of Sulphate of Alumina per ex. S.S Suveric.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 29th Sept. 1917, (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Jail road Mazagon, opposite Noor bag, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glassware, crockery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumb waiters, drawing room sofas and chairs rich cabinets, fancy ornaments, table, hall and hanging lamps, rich carpets, single and double bedsteads, clothes, and gown presses, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers dressing and wash hand tables, writing tables, glass door book cases, book stands, Singapore cane furniture, verandah benches, wall and table clocks rich pictures, China, matting, aluminium utensils etc., etc., the property of M. E. Guider, Esq., and others.

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA 5TH STREET.

Under instructions from Mr. Hormasji N. Vakil, the Sole Surviving Executor and Trustee of the last Will and Testament of the late Mahomed Haji Saboo and with the approval of the Hon'ble the Advocate-General of Bombay, in order to wind up the Estate and utilise the surpula in charity, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell the undermentioned immovable property by Public Auction on the premises, TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 29th day of September 1917, at 4.30 p.m. (S.T.):—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground of which it is contended for the owner that only 954 7-9 square yards are Sanadi together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the south side of Kamatipura 5th Street, in the Registration Sub-District and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2,225 square yards, or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 3046-3244-3245-3246-4891-4891, New No. 2968, Old Survey Nos. 4428, 1 and 2-2828, 2829, 4402, 4485 and New Survey No. 5689, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward, Ward Nos. 1454, 1455, 54, 55, 1450, 7456, 1457, 1458, Street Nos. 8 at 32-33, 40-1-2-3-4, 42, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East formerly partly by the property of Purshotum Khetsey and partly by Government vacant ground and now by the Stable Road, on or towards the West by a Public Road, on or towards the North by the said Kamatipura 5th Street, and on or towards the South by the properties belonging to Sewram Purshotum and Dwarkadas Siwji.

N. B.—The above property realises a large amount of rent per month.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications should be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the said Executor and Trustee, or Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Advocate-General of Bombay, or to the Undersigned.

On SUNDAY, the 30th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Soparibag Road, Parel, opposite G. I. P. Railway Workshop and Co-operative Stores, very valuable and handsome very old blackwood open carved furniture such as large sofas, pier table, teapoys, large blackwood, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumb-waiter, drawing room leather lined suite of sofas and chairs, English mahogany marble top round table and chairs, carved folding screen single and double bedsteads, almyrahs, chest of drawers, one very old China square jar old China wall plates, old English plates, baby cradles, table ornaments, copper, utensils, etc., etc. The property of Mrs. A. B. Lali and others.

The property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 28th September, 1917.

J. S. MODY & CO.
30, APOLLO STREET, FORT

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of valuable Made to Order Household Furniture, Vase Lamps, Chandeliers, Lamps, English Chiming Clock, Phonograph with Records, Rich Pictures, German Silver Utensils, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Executor of the late Mr. Bejonji Cowasji Jassawala, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 30th day of September, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at "Jassawala Lodge" opposite the Old Post Office, Dadar Road, Dadar, very valuable made to order household furniture, etc., comprising dining table, chairs, sideboard, meat-safes, tapestry upholstered drawing room suites, marble top tables, English chiming table clock, rich pictures, roll top writing table, mirror door single and double almyrahs, wardrobes, bedsteads, chest of drawers, teapoys, talking machine, with records, German silver utensils, vase lamps, chandeliers, table and hanging lamps, iron safe, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th September, 1917.

MENESSE & CO.
NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

SALE AT 9 A.M (S. T.)

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Monday, 1st Oct. 1917, at 9 a.m. (S. T.), at Jacob Circle, Ripon Road, in Bradbury Mills by order of the Agents of the aforesaid Mills the following different kinds of cotton waste:—

A large quantity of dirty cotton waste, broken cops, cop bottom dirty and oily, hard waste, dirty piecer, clean piecer, reeling hard waste, frame cleaner, weaving sweeping coloured waste, dirty and oily sized ends, sized short and long grey, sized coloured short sized coloured long ends, unsized short grey unsized long ends, gutter fly, oily rags, winding sweeping, middle cops, coloured rags.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 28th Sept. 1917.

FOR
ANY THING FASHIONABLE
in Chinese Japanese, French and English
Silk Piece Goods, Art Embroidery
WORK, etc. Price Rs. 2-10 for 3 bottles.

A VISIT TO OUR SHOW ROOMS
will more than pay your trouble and will get you a chance to select your equirements from quite a variety of up-to-date articles.

AHMED E. ESAALI,
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRAND DISPLAY
OF
JAPANESE ARTS & CURIOS
WHERE?
NEXT TO THE NATIONAL BANK BUILDINGS
Opposite Currency Office.
WAIT FOR THE OPENING DAY.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMOVEABLE PROPERTY CONSISTING OF THREE 2 STORIED BUILDINGS TOGETHER WITH STABLES, HUTS, ETC. SITUATE AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD AT THE FOOT OF KENNEDY BRIDGE, OUT OF FORT, BOMBAY.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE, & Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from and by order of Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon attorneys for the Owners sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 11th day of October, 1917, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), on the premises the undermentioned property.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax Tenure land or ground, containing by admeasurement 3672 Square Yards or thereabouts together with all messuages, tenement, bunglows, dwelling houses and chawls standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 87, 299 and New No. B/348, 2037 Old Survey No. 19 and New Survey No. B/7360 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 1671 and Street No. 1 D Ward No. 1672-73 and Street Nos. 2, 221, 223 and 3, D Ward No. 1675 and Street No. 5 D Ward No. 1676 (1), 1676 (2), and Street No. 6 A. D. Ward No. 1677 (1), and Street No. 7, D Ward No. 1677 (2), and Street No. 7 A. D. Ward No. 1678 and Street No. 8, D Ward No. 1679 and Street No. 9, D Ward Nos. 1680 and 1681 and Street Nos. 10 and 11 D Ward Nos. 1682, 1683 (1), and Street Nos. 12 and 13 and D Ward No. 1683 (2) and Street No. 13A and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Shapurji Sorabji Mahimwalla and partly by the property of Ganpatrao Nana Shete on or towards the West by the Mission Church and partly by the fire temple or Agiary premises belonging to the estate of Jehangir Bezonji deceased on or towards the North by land said to belong to Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and on or towards the South by the said Girgaum Back Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, attorneys for the vendor at their office No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

N. B.—Private offers for the purchase of the abovementioned property may be sent to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 23th September, 1917.

K. A. READYMONEY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

ON SUNDAY THE 30th INST. AT 2 O'CLOCK (B.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT FLORA BUILDINGS NEAR PARSI STATUE, BOMBAY.

On SUNDAY the 30th inst. at 2 p.m. (B.T.) Messrs. K. A. READYMONEY and Co. Auctioneers are instructed to sell by public auction at the abovementioned premises fancy designed household and office furniture such as single and double door almirahs, corner cabinets, side-boards, mirror back cabinets, marble tables, fancy tiles and wooden top teapoys, teak and bentwood palmstands, Persian carpets, marble top centre tables, marble pillars and statues, complete drawing room suites, cupboards, washhand stands, dressing chests, ladies' writing tables, meat safes, low chairs, Curzon chairs easy chairs, English spring cots, office tables and desks, baskets, dinner wagons, single and double fancy wooden cots, one side-board specially made to order, dining tables and chairs, cutlery and glassware, etc.

The above property belonging to Mr. G. D. Sylwa and others removed to the above premises for the purpose of auction.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale if required.

The catalogues are published and the property is on view.

K. A. READYMONEY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th Sept. 1917.

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE."

The "Bombay Chronicle" is sold at two annas throughout India at the following stations:—

AHMEDABAD.—Sha Surajmal Chunilal.
AHMEDABAD.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
AHMEDNAGAR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BARODA.—M. C. Kothari.
BARODA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BELGAUM.—Higginbothams, Ltd.
BIJAPURE.—Shivram Vasudeo Phodnis.
BELGAUM.—Kelkar Vithal Damodar.
BHARATPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BINA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BADNERA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BHUSAVAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BANDICUI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
BOMBAY.—D. B. Taraporewala Sons & Co.
—Taj Mahal Hotel.
BOMBAY.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.'s Bookstalls at:—
Great Western Hotel.
Hotel Majestic.
Esplanade Hotel.
Victoria Terminus Station.
Byculla Station.
Colaba Station.
Church Gate Station.
Grant Road Station.
Bandra Station.
BROACH.—Hafijudin G.
BHAVNAGAR.—Jethalal K. Trivedi.
DEOLALI.—Nusserwanji & Son.
DHARWAR.—Higginbothams, Ltd.
DHOND.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DELHI.—Abdul Rahman & Sons.
DELHI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DEOLALI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
DHULIA.—Shankar Vishnu Vagh.
GONGAPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
GODHRA.—B. Sheth & Bros.
HUBLI.—Higginbothams, Ltd.
HUBLI.—Narayan Anant Dalvi.
HYDERABAD (Sind)—Jethmal Thahursingh
INDORE CITY.—Wasane & Mandali.
IGATPURI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
IGATPURI.—Pinto & Sons.
ITARSI.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
JUBBULPORE.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
KALYAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
KALYAN.—Pate Brothers.
KIRKEE.—La Croix & Co.
KARACHI.—Haji A. G. Hashmee & Sons.
LONAVLA.—Ry. Co-operative Society, Ltd.
LONAVLA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MUNMAD.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
MAHABLESHWAR.—Imam B. Sherkar.
MEHSANA.—Harilal P. Brahma-Bhatt.
NAGPUR.—"Maharastra" Office.
NAGPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NERAL.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
NADIAD.—Dolsukhram K. Pandya.
POONA.—Shaik Abdulla Mohamed.
POONA.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
RUTLAM.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
WADHWAN.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SECUNDERABAD—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SHOLAPUR.—A. H. Wheeler & Co.
SURAT.—C. A. Kaji.
SHOLAPUR.—Pandurang Hanmant.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"Wanted," "To be Let," and "For Sale" Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be prepaid:—

Advertisements not exceeding (20 words) 8 annas per insertion; every additional word ½ anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 per insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Twelve annas per line or Rs. per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short advertisement Columns.—Two annas per line, or Re. 1 per inch. No display allowed.

Educational Announcements.—Six annas per line or Rs. 3 per inch.

All advertisements are payable strictly in advance.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle," Office,
No. 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

	Daily. Rs.	Sunday Rs.
Local — —	30	5 per annum.
Up-country —	35	6 per annum.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ACCUMULATORS—The famous SPUN GLASS Van Raden make. Special Type for Ignition and Car Lighting. Ask for particulars. EMPIRE AUTOMOBIARS, New Queen's Road, Bombay. 994—7.

JOB PRINTING.—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 6, Medows street, Fort.

EUROPEAN and Indian Manufacturers, Merchants, Importers, and Exporters, etc. desiring to establish business relations or introduce their goods in Portuguese India, (Goa, Damon, Diu) can do so through an expert salesman and broker, proceeding on the 30th instant. See personally between the hours of 11 and 12 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m. Mr. A. MONIZ, 59, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY. 9974.

DR. CARR, D.D.S., Dental Surgeon, 107, Esplanade Road, (opposite Clock Tower, over French Bank), Fort, Bombay, personally in attendance and guarantees all work.
Hours 9 to 7.
Sunday 10 to 12 noon.
Moderate fees. 8292

FRUITS.

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES.—9 lbs. nett for Rs. 3/8, all charges included, by V.P. parcel post. Apply to CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar. P. O. Kulu, Panjab. 9601.

MOTOR VEHICLES.

WANTED—MOTOR TYRES and TUBES for cheapest, prompt and reliable vulcanising at as. 8 and 4 per inch respectively. Cars on hire and for sale. PATENT PNEUMATIC BLOCKS TYRES and MOTOR TRANSPORT CO., LTD., Hughes Road, Chaupatty, Bombay. A

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—RESIDENT ELECTRICIAN, salary Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 p. m. Apply MANAGER, Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder. 9980

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Young HINDOO TYPIST, starting salary Rs. 25 per month, with future prospects. Apply Box No. 211, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9917

WANTED IMMEDIATELY for the S. S. "Huntball" SECOND and THIRD OFFICERS and 5th ENGINEER. Certificated men necesary.. Apply to Messrs. W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., Bombay. 9796

WANTED—A CIVIL ENGINEER for the Municipality of Lucknow, with at least 10 years' experience on construction and maintenance of Public Works. The applicant should have obtained either (a) degree at one of the recognized English Engineering Colleges or (b) passed the A.M.I.C.E., examination or (c) obtained a diploma as an Engineer at one of the Indian Engineering Colleges. The applications stating age and qualifications of the applicant and the salary required by him should be addressed to the undersigned, accompanied with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) and will be received up to 31st October, 1917. By Order, M. N. CHAKHAST, Secretary, Municipal Board, Lucknow. 9879

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A Capable OFFICE MANAGER with sound knowledge of Accounts. Applicant must be a Gujarati Graduate. One with previous experience of office work preferred. Good prospects for competent man. Apply to Box No. 235, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9998

WANTED—An EXPERT CANVASSER and ADVERTISER for the Gwalior State Factories. Submit copies of testimonials and photos and state salary expected. ALAKH DHARI, Inspector General of Commerce and Industry, Gwalior, Sipri. 9994

WANTED—THREE GRADUATES for English, Science, and Mathematics respectively for the Wadia Nargol Parsi School. Native Christians preferred. Apply to R. P. JEHANGIR, Rast Goftar Office, Fort Bombay. 9855

WANTED—Competent TELEPHONE CLERKS having good knowledge of English for a first class hotel in Bombay. Apply stating terms with copies of testimonials to Box No. 222, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9946

WANTED—A MEDICAL OFFICER for the Dam Works at Tokerwadi, via Lonavla. Free unfurnished quarters, salary Rs. 300 per month. Please apply stating age, whether physically sound, and enclosing copies of testimonials to GENERAL MANAGER, the Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay. 9979

WANTED

WANTED—CORRESPONDENCE and TYPING WORK, or either from 6 to 8 p.m Please write to Box No. 233, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9991

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A second hand HOPMOBILE MOTOR-CAR of the latest type. Apply stating particulars to Box No. 234, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9992

EUROPEAN GENTLEMAN REQUIRES TEMPORARY LOAN of Rs. 2.000 urgently. Good security and interest. Apply to Box No. 229, Advt. Dept, "Bombay Chronicle." 9978.

WANTED—AGENTS for the SALE OF "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 6, Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

WANTED—AGENTS by The Easter Industrial Works for Phenyle. Sealing Wax, Black, Japan, etc. Write G. V. MEHTA & Co., Shanghvi Sadan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 9552

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—BRASS EYELETS Nos. 24, 26 and 28. Apply for particulars to H. BEVIS & CO., Post Box No. 29, Cawnpore. 9993

200 YEARS OLD BLACKWOOD CARVED FURNITURE and OLD CHINA, &c., will be Sold by Auction at Parel, Opposite G. I. P. Workshops on SUNDAY, by BENNETT & Co., Property of a Parsee family. 9990

FOR SALE—A second-hand STEAM ROAD ROLLER, 8 tons, in good order. Apply to Messrs. TEJOO KAYA and Co., New Nagpada, Bombay. 9708

PALMER the British made only high grade covers at Rs. 8 each; tubes Rs. 4 each. Whilst ordering, mention correct size and pattern. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay and Poona. 8804

FOR SALE.—SAW MILL MACHINES in good working order and also spare saws, pulleys, shaftings, etc. Apply to Box No. 206 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9892

FOR SALE.—Smart U. H. L. GOLD ART STEEL COMBINATION ROLL TOP Brief and Foolscap size TYPEWRITER TABLES and CABINETS by Toledo Metal Furniture Co., of America, at MEHTA AUCTIONEER'S ROOMS, 53, Medows Street, Fort. 977

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED large PREMISES suitable for Film business, in our near Fort. Will be able to take entire lease of the building, or entertain the idea of constructing special building for us. Long lease in an case. Apply PATHE FRERES, Ltd., (Incorporated in France), 327, Hornby Road Bombay. 9940

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the working of the Railway Company's quarry situated near Virar Station.

Full particulars may be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer Bombay Division, B. B. & C. I Railway, Dadar and will be received up to 2 p.m. (S. T.), on Monday, 1st October, 1917..

Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. A. JONES,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Division,

Executive Engineer's Office,
Dadar, 15th September, 1917. 9939

PUBLIC NOTICES.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 19th September, 1917.

No. 11319.—It is hereby notified that His Excellency the Governor in Council desires to select a candidate for appointment as probationer in the Executive Branch of the Provincial Civil Service. The selection will be made from persons of high educational qualifications who are not already in Government service. Applications are accordingly invited which must reach the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, on or before the 20th November 1917. Applicants must produce evidence—

(i) that they are subjects of His Majesty or of a Native State or Prince in India under the suzerainty of His Majesty and have resided for not less than three years before the date of application within the limits of the Bombay Presidency or of States under the political control of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

(ii) that they will be above 21 and below 25 years of age on the date abovementioned; the proofs (1) of age and nationality required will be according to the rules specified in the foot-note to this notification:

(iii) as to the University degrees or other educational distinctions gained by them:

(iv) as to their proficiency and conduct in the shape of certificates from their heads of such educational institutions as they may have attended provided that the candidate who has attended a college must produce certificate from the Principal such College.

2. The certificates of age and nationality to be granted to the candidates for appointment as probationers in the Executive Branch of the Provincial Civil Service will be issued in accordance with the procedure laid down below:—

(1) If the Secretary to Government, Collector of a District, or the highest Political Officer accredited to the State, as the case may be, shall be satisfied by the papers submitted that the candidate has stated th date and place of his birth correctly, he will issue a certificate declaring that the candidate has submitted the proofs of his birth to the Magistrate of the District or the Political Officer of the State, as the case may be, and has satisfied him that he was actually born on or about the date stated by him, viz., day of 19 , at , a place within His Majesty's Dominions or within the territories of a Native State or Prince in India under the suzerainty of His Majesty. The nature of the evidence produced by the candidate must be stated in the certificate, which shall be given in the following form:—

I hereby certify that , who is a candidate for appointment as probationer in the Executiv Branch of the Provincial Civil Service, has submitted the proof of his birth detailed* below, and has satisfactorily shown that he was actually born on or about the date stated, viz., the day of 19 , at , a place within His Majesty's Dominions or within the territories of a Native State or Prince in India under the suzerainty of His Jajesty.

*(Here enter details.)

I do also certify that the above-mentioned candidate has resided fo not less than three years before the date of application within the limits of the Bombay Presidency or of States under the Political control of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

(1) *Note.*—(*a*) In order to obtain a certificate, a candidate is required, if resident in British India, to prove the date and place of his birth before the Magistrate of the district in which his family resides, or, if resident in a Native State, before the Political Officer of the State in which his family resides.

(*b*) The Magistrate or Political Officer

* * * * *

will carefully examine into the value of the evidence given, and forward a summary of it, with certified copies of all documents tendered and his comments and opinion, to the officer who forwarded the application to him for enquiry.

(*c*) The documentary evidence which candidate may be expected to produce comprises—

(*a*) the horoscope;
(*b*) family books;
(*c*) tradesman's account books showing entries relating to the birth;
(*d*) the record of admission in the registers of the school in which the candidate was educated and the record of the candidate's age at various periodical school examinations;
(*e*) if the candidate is matriculated, certified copy of his application to the Registrar.

Oral testimony of persons acquainted with the candidate's family, or otherwise able to give relevant evidence, will also be taken; and the candidate is required to comply, to the best of his power, with any requisition the Magistrate or Political Officer, as the case may be, may make in order to clear up any doubt as to the purport of the documentary proof.

(*d*) Any declaration of age made after the application of these rules on the occasion of seeking admission to any University examination, educational institution, or Government office, or otherwise recorded in a formal or deliberate manner, will be taken as conclusive evidence in disproof of the subsequent assertion by the same person that he is of different age to that so declared or recorded.

(*e*) Where the date and place of the birth have been formally registered in a register kept by any public officer in British India an extract from the register, duly certified by the proper official, shall be accepted as sufficient proof of the date and place of the birth.

(*f*) In addition to the particulars required by Rule (*a*) a candidate not born in His Majesty's dominions must also prove that he is the son or grandson of a person born in those dominions.

PUBLIC NOTICES:

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

(*Continued.*)

(2) If the Secretary to Government, Collector of a District, or the highest Political Officer accredited to the State, as the case may be, shall be satisfied by the papers submitted that the candidate has stated the date and place of his birth correctly, and has established the fact that though born without the limits of His Majesty's Dominions or the territories of a Native State or Prince under the suzerainty of His Majesty, he is the son or grandson of a person born in those Dominions or territories, he will issue a certificate in the following form stating the nature of the evidence produced regarding the candidate's birth:—

I hereby certify that , who is a candidate for appointment as probationer in the Executiv Branch of the Provincial Civil Service, has submitted the proof of his birth detailed* below. an has satisfactorily shown that he was actually born on or about the date stated, viz., the day of 19 , and that he was born at a place without His Majesty's Dominions or the territories of a Native State or Prince in India under the suzerainty of His Majesty but that he is the (son/grandson) of a person born in those Dominions or territories.

*(Here enter details.)

I do also certify that the abovementioned candidate has reside for not less than three years before the date of application within the limits of the Bombay Presidency or of States under the Political control of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

NOTE.—Applications for certificates of age and nationality referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph 1 above should be submitted to the Chief Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, or the Collector of the District or the highest Political Officer accredited to the Native State, as the case may be, in accordance with the rules for the issue of certificates of age and nationality mentioned in the foot-note.

3. The selected candidate will be required to satisfy Government, after a special medical examination to be conducted by the Medical Board of the Presidency, that he is in all respects physically fitted for the performance of the duties required of an officer holding any appointment in the Executive Branch of the Provincial Service.

4. The probationer will be required to go through a course of equitation and obtai a certificate of proficiency, and to pass th tests prescribed for Junior Members of the Indian Civil Service, viz., the Lower and Higher Standard Departmental Examinations, including an examination in the language of the District to which he is posted. The Collector of the District to which he is appointed will afford him every necessary facility for acquiring a thorough insight into his duties. Except for special reasons, such probationer will not receive permanent charge of a taluka nor be invested with Magisterial powers until he shall have passed the Departmental Examination, Lower Standard. After the period of two years prescribed, such probationer will ordinarily be appointed to first vacancy occurring in the cadre of Deputy Collectors. His pa will be for the first year of the probationar period—Rs. 150 per mensem, then until he passes the Departmental Examination, Higher Standard, Rs. 175 per mensem, and after that Rs. 200 per mensem, until he obtains a substantive appointment in the Provincial Service.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council.

P. R. CADELL,
Chief Secretary to Government.

S. S. "KEELUNG"

ARRIVED ON THE 26TH INSTANT.

CONSIGNEES are requested to take delivery of their Cargo as per Bills of Lading. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed and within one week of their being landed, otherwise no claim will be recognised. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damaged and broken packages All claims must be certified by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & SON'S AGENCY,
(KILLICK, NIXON & Co.)
Agents.

Home Street, Bombay.
9991

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ltd., will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 9. Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of October, 1917, at 3 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon, when the ordinary Resolution, which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 17th day of September, 1917, be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

Thereafter at 3-15 p.m., (S.T.), the THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of this Company will be held to receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts etc., already circulated to the shareholders.

By Order of the Board.
HORMUSJEE SONS & Co.,
Agents.

Dated the 21st day of September, 1917. 9911

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE NATIONAL FINANCING & COMMISSION CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the National Financing & Commission Corporation, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation, 75, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 28th September, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

I.—To receive the Report of the Directors and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1917.
II.—To declare a Dividend.
III.—To confirm the appointment of Mr. Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas as Director.
IV—To elect two Directors in place of these who retire, but are eligible for re-election.
V.—To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board,
C. I. PAREKH & Co.,
Agents.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Corporation will be CLOSED from Saturday, 22nd September to Saturday, 6th October, 1917, both days inclusive.

Bombay, 11th August, 1917. 9983

THE STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE RE. DIVIDEND WARRANTS.

WITH reference to Notice, dated the 20th August, 1917, owing to the delay in postal deliveries, consequent on the Postal Strike, Dividend Warrants of *Local* Shareholders will not be posted, but will be handed to Shareholders on application.

TATA SONS & Co.,
Agents,
The Standard Mills Co.. Ltd.
9971

NOTIF CATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that his Excellency the Governor-in-Council desires to nominate as under 15 candidates for training in the Bangor's course, at the Forest College, Dehra Dun, with a view to their qualifying for appointment to the Bombay Forest Department as Rangers:—

6 for service in the Northern Circle.
3 for service in the Central Circle
4 for service in the Southern Circle.
2 for service in the Sind Circle.

2. Candidates desiring to serve in any of the above Circles should submit their applications in person to the Conservators of the respective Circles in their offices at Nasik, Poona, Dharwar and Karachi on 15th October, 1917, at 12 noon.

3. Candidates must be not less than 18 nor more than 23 years of age on 1st April, 1918. They should furnish with their applications the following certificates:—

(i) A certificate that the candidate is a "Native of India" as described in section 6 of 33 Victoria, Chapter 3.
(ii) A certificate of age.
(iii) A health certificate in the form prescribed by article 49 of the Civil Service Regulations (Fifth Edition) signed by the Civil Surgeon of any one of the Districts.
(iv) A certificate of respectability and good moral character from two or more persons whose social or official position can be accepted as a guarantee of trustworthiness
(v) A certificate that the candidate has passed one or other of the following examinations, viz:—
(a) The B.A., F.A., B.Sc., or Licentiate of Agriculture Examination;
(b) The Matriculation Examination, where no school Final Examination exists;
(c) The School Final Examinations, provided the candidate can show that he has qualified in English and Mathematics up to the Matriculation standard or for European candidates, a certificate of having passed the High School Examination with a similar proviso.

N. B.—The certificates (iii) and (iv) must bear date not further back than April 1st of the year previous to that in which the candidate desires admission to the College.

4. Stipends will be paid to the successful candidates whilst at the College.

5. Any further information required may be obtained on personal application, by the candidates at the Conservators' Offices.

By Order,
T. R. BELL,
Senior Conservator of Forests.

Camp Via Belgaum,
21st September, 1917. 9957

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the PUBLIC that our client Mr. JAFFER MAHOMED has contracted to purchase from VORA ABDUL HOOSEIN MAHOMEDALLI HAVELIWALLA, the below mentioned property:—

All persons having any claim against the said property, by way of mortgage, charge, lien, inheritance, gift, sale, easement, or otherwise howsoever are requested to make known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 2, Dean Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise all such claims, if any, will be deemed to be waived and the persons setting up such claims will be precluded therefrom, and the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim or claims.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and premises standing thereon, situate on the West side of Cowasji Patel Street, within the Fort and in the Island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and containing by admeasurement one hundred and seventy-five square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 235, 239. New Nos. 5099, 5106, Old Survey Nos. 373, 373 and New Survey Nos. 9004, 9004 and assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 1501 Street Nos. 70-72 and bounded on or towards the North by the property formerly of Hormasji Edalji Sukhia but now of Edalji Mistry on or towards the East by the said Cowasji Patel Street on or towards the South by the property formerly of Sorabji Ruttonji Bhaya but now of Abdul Rasul Mulla Hussonally and on or towards the West by the property of Cursedji Framji Divecha.

Dated this 28th day of September, 1917.

JUDAH & SOLOMON,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
9997

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII of 1913,
and
In the matter of the BROACH INDUSTRIAL COTTON, SPG. & WG. Co. LTD., (in Liquidation)
GIRDHARLAL HARILAL MEHTA and BHUVNESHWARGIRJI MAHESHGIRJI, Liquidators of the abovementioned Company ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition dated the 18th day of September, 1917, has been presented to his Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay by the undersigned for sanction of one of the Schemes of Arrangement sent herewith with or without modification and the Hon. Mr. Justice Kajiji has appointed Saturday the 24th day of November, 1917, at 11-30 o'clock, in the forenoon to hear the said Petition, and his Lordship has further directed that in the meantime a joint meeting of the Creditors and Contributories of the said Company be called by the Liquidators of the said Company for the purpose of considering, and, if thought fit, approving with or without modification one of such Schemes of Arrangement. A copy of the said Petition and copies of the documents therein referred to can be seen at the office of the Petitioners' Attorneys Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Girdharlal in Albert Buildings, Fort, Bombay, during office hours. In pursuance of the said order Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the creditors and contributories will be held at 3 p.m., on Wednesday, the 10th day of October 1917, at the registered office of the above Company at Broach, at which time and place the contributories and creditors respectively of the Company are requested to present.

The creditors and contributories may attend such meeting and vote in person or by proxy, provided that all proxies given by them are lodged with the Chairman of the meeting at his office in Albert Buildings, Fort, Bombay, not later than 72 hours before the hour of the holding of the said meeting.

The Court has appointed Mr. Girdharlal Harilal Mehta, one of the Liquidators of the said Company, to act as Chairman of the said meeting. The Scheme of Arrangement so adopted by the above meeting will be subject to the subsequent approval of the Court.

Dated this 24th day of September, 1917.

GIRDHARLAL HARILAL MEHTA,
For self and Co.-Liquidator of the above Co.
9989.

AMUSEMENTS.

"SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE"

"Mr. Walter Howard has given the Lyceum a big success in "Seven Days' Leave"—REYNOLDS, LONDON.

Now in rehearsal by the

HOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPANY

and to be produced on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10TH

at the

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE.

RENDEZVOUS OF THE CULTURED.

THE POPULAR

HOWITT-PHILLIPS COMPANY

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30

"ARE YOU A MASON?"

One of the funniest pieces ever written, all about a man who used freemasonry to shield himself during clandestine love affairs.

As Sandhurst Bridge, which is one of the many important thoroughfares leading to the Royal Opera House, is likely to be thronged with processions on Saturday afternoon, the lessees have, in the interest of patrons, transferred the Matinee to the following day, Sunday. All seats booked for Saturday can remain for the Sunday performance, or money can be refunded, or seats transferred at Rose and Co.

SATURDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
For the First Time in Bombay.
"HINDLE WAKES"

Stanley Houghton's greatest comedy; the story of a Lancashire girl's independent views on marriage.

SUNDAY, MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
"A LITTLE BIT OF FLUFF"

The funniest of the Company's new pieces, already played to crowded houses with uproarious laughter.

NEXT WEEK'S PLAY.
MONDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
By special request.
"THE THIEF"

TUESDAY AT 9-30 P.M.
"A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS"

WEDNESDAY, MATINEE AT 5 P.M.
"MILESTONES"

WEDNESDAY NIGHT AT 9-30 P.M.
"PEG O' MY HEART"

Night prices: Rs. 4, 3, 2, 1 and Ans. 8.
Matinee Prices: Rs. 3, 1-8, 1 and Ans 8.
Booking at Rose & Co.
Week days: from 10 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Saturday:—From 10 a.m. till 1 p.m.

PICTURE PROGRAMME
TO-NIGHT AT 5-64 ONLY.
LAST NIGHT OF THE PRESENT BILL.
"FOR LACK OF EVIDENCE"
"STEEL HEARTS"
"SHOT IN THE WEST"
AND A MUSICAL TREAT BY THE BEST THREATRE ORCHESTRA IN THE EAST.

Prices: Rs. 1-8, Re. 1. Ans. 8 & 4, Box seats Rs. 2.

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AMUSEMENTS:

THE EMPIRE

Bombay's Picture Theatre Par Excellence

To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

The Empire presents a new programme of Picture Novelties.

"A NOBLE ACTION"

A Delightful story of two artistes and the different ways they drifted, played by the Pathe Star that made "Flanders My Country" famous

A BEAUTIFUL TRAVEL FILM.

"NEW MEXICO"

Showing the latest invention in film toning called Combitone.

PATHE'S GAZETTE

COMIC CARTOONS
COMIC CARTOONS

CHUNG LEE and his UNMANAGEABLE AUTO

TO YOU
LOVERS OF DRAMATIC ART
Under any Circumstances
DONT MISS
THE BEST PROGRAMME OF THE WEEK IN BOMBAY
AT THE

ELDORADO

EUROPEAN CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD (North)
Telephone No. 1304.

7——8-45 —10-15

1. Cinema Colours—Visit to Agra- Travel.
2. Pathe's Latest Gazette.
3. } ITALA FILM - PRESENT.
4. THE FAULT
5. featuring
6. } THE UNSURPASSABLE PINA MENICHELLI.
7. A Real Comic
7. The Method of Foolshead for the Regeneration of Humanity.

To-day Special Holiday Matinee, at which Valuable Prizes will be given away.

6-30 TO-NIGHT 10 p.m

PALACE OF VARIETIES

GAIETY THEATRE
Presents
AN ALL STAR PROGRAMME

MISS ZILLA

Australia's pet and Bombay's favourite will sing the song of the hour
AN INSPIRATION AND THE HIT OF THE SEASON
"WHEN THE BELLS OF PEACE ARE RINGING"
The song which will replace the famous Tipperary.
AND "ROSARY"

MISS XAIDA STELLA

The inimitable Vesta Tilley in "We're all coming ashore to-night" and "JOLLY GOOD LUCK"

MISS QUEENIE LLOYD

The tiny comedienne in the Comic Song "Oh That horrible Hobble Not to-night Marmaduke."

C. MORRIS

The Gaiety comedian in Songs & Dances.

THE WEATHERLEYS

IN A MUSICAL ABSURDITY
THE
"PRINCE & TRAMP"
In addition to above
MAMMOTH VARIETIES
will be shown select cinema including
A LOCAL TOPICAL EVENT OF GREAT SIGNIFICANCE.
PRESENTATION OF MOTOR LAUNCHES
TO
THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
BY
H. H. THE MAHARAJA OF PATIALA
And
THE WORLD RENOWNED
Italian Drama

VENDETTA

Special Announcement
Commencing To-morrow
Every Saturday, Monday & Wednesday at 6-30 and Sundays at 10 p.m.
AT EDWARDES THEATRE
SILLWELL THE GREAT
Assited by MDLLE. ELSIE
will present
NEW & MOST WONDERFUL ILLUSIONS
MAGIAL MYSTERIES & NOVELTIES
Etc., Etc.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Next Saturday 29th September at 9-30 p. m
Maurice E. Bandman & Wolseley Charles present the

BANDMAN MUSICAL COMEDY CO.

in a season of Popular Musical Plays.
25 POPULAR ARTISTES.

Saturday 29th Sept., Monday 1st Oct. at 9-30
The extremely funny Musical Play
"A CHINESE HONEYMOON"
Miss Elsie Videau as "Fifi"
Sunday 30th at 5 p. m.
REDUCED PRICE MATINEE

Tuesday 2nd Oct & Wednesday 3rd October
"THE DAIRY MAIDS"

Thursday 4th and Friday 5th
"THE REDHEADS"
2nd Edition with the Great Snowball Finale

Saturday 6th October
"MISS HOOK OF HOLLAND"

Prices as usual. Plan at Rose & Co

HULLO . . .
Have you heard of it?
WATCH & WAIT.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.
TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.
A Unique Indian Film
SATYAWADI RAJA

'HARISHCHANDRA'

7,000 Ft. 5 Reels.

Shown for the first time in Bombay. Life story of the immortal self-denial and self sacrifice of the great Hindu King Harishchandra at the altar of Truth.

Featuring
Calcutta's most beautiful and emotional actress
MISS SAVARIA as TARAMATI
and
Irving of Indian Stage
Mr. HOMI TANTRA as HARISHCHANDRA
and the veteran actor
Mr. BERAMSHAW as VISVAMITRA
and
BALIWALLA'S VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY.
Thrice Nightly :—7, 8-45, 10-30.

N.B.—OUR EUROPEAN PATRONS ARE VERY EARNESTLY REQUESTED TO SEE THIS FILM. THE FULL TITLES IN ENGLISH WILL HELP IN EXPLAINING THE STORY AS IT PROCEEDS ON THE SCREEN. EASY TO FOLLOW.

To-morrow
A British Masterpiece

PAULA

BY
VICTORIA CROSS
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA

N.B.—Artistically illustrated booklet of the complete story can be had at the theatre, price annas two.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay
LAMINGTON ROAD.

To-night To-night

The Last Three Episodes of

PEARL OF THE ARMY
PEARL OF THE ARMY
PEARL OF THE ARMY

Farewell Performances of
MISS PEARL WHITE
The adored of Millions.

Tremendous and Thrilling Scenes. Explosion of Mines at the Bottom of the sea. Blowing up of the Bridges and the Startling Discovery of the Identity of

SILENT MENACE.

See it all in to-day's Bill.
PATHE'S GAZETTE
Latest from Blighty.

LOOK OUT NEXT WEEK
A Charming Film by the most Charming Child Actress in the World.
BABY MARY OSBORNE
IN
"TOLD AT TWILIGHT."
A Gold Rooster Play in Five Parts.
One of the finest by Little Mary Sunshine.

Time :—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. daily.
Saturday and Sunday Matinee 5 p. m.
POPULAR PRICES.

THE EXCELSIOR

Presents To-night at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
LAST PERFORMANCE.

STARRING EVERY LEADER OF THE BRITISH STAGE

"MASKS & FACES"

7,000 Feet in 6 Acts.

The world renowned story of the famous 18th Century Actress Peg Woffington.

The Daily Chronicle says—"Most Wonderful Yet Produced"

For this great Production the following Celebrities of World-wide reputation have lent their services :—

SIR SQUIRE BANCROFT, SIR JOHNSTONE FORBES-ROBERTSON, SIR GEORGE ALEXANDER, SIR M. BARRIE, SIR JOHN HARE, SIR ARTHUR PINERO, GEORGE BERNARD SHAW, H. B. IRVING, GERALD DU MAURIER, BEN WEBSTER, DION BOUCICAULT, DENNIS NEILSON-TERRY, NIGEL PLAYFAIR, WEEDON GROSSMITH.

MISSES IRENE VANBRUGH, GLADYS COOPER, LADY FORBES-ROBERTSON, LILLAH McCARTHY, STELLA PATRICK CAMPBELL, VIOLA TREE, WINFRED EMERY.

THE GREATEST CONSTELLATION OF DRAMATIC STARS THE SCREEN HAS EVER SEEN.

This film is a labour of love by the greatest artistes of England.

Despite the immense cost of production, Prices as Usual Rs. 2, 1 and annas. 8 and 4.

THE FINAL CHANCE—TO-DAY!

Let us remind you that to-day is just the last day when you will be able to see **Mr. Phalke's** remarkably well-produced Indian Film

"RAJA HARISHCHANDRA"

with all the elaborate, religious paraphernalia of ancient Mythological grandeur, taken specially at the sacred Hindu shrines of Nasik, and specially staged with the help of devoutly religious Hindu Actors

AT THE

WEST END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNY ROAD Opp. CAMA BAGH.)

The glorious film is bound to interest you, and then there is further a beautiful English Drama

"THE BLIND FATE"

which you are surely bound to relish.

To-day Special Matinee Prize Show, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.)
Other Shows at 5-30, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m., (S.T.).

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Sept. 25th.

			Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool			2,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			..
" " Sales of East Indian			..
" " Imports			8,000
Mid. Americans			18.77
Egyptian F.G.F.			27.75
New York 11 a.m., (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Oct.		24.24
	Jan.		23.78
	Mar.		23.90
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Oct.		23.37
	Jan.		23.13

Liverpool, Sept. 26th.

			Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool			2,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.			..
" " Sales of East Indian			..
" " Imports			1,000
Mid. Americans			18.62
Egyptian F.G.F.			27.75
New York 11 a.m., (As known in Liverpool at closing time)	Oct.		24.22
	Jan.		23.67
	Mar.		23.66
New Orleans 10 a.m	Oct.		23.37
	Jan.		23.02

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept 26th

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—
Prices fixed for to-day.

Months:		
Sept.	17.67	
Sept.-Oct.	17.37	
Oct.-Nov.	16.95	
Nov.-Dec.	16.55	
Dec.-Jan.	16.40	
Jan.-Feb.	16.30	-15
Feb.-Mar.	16.21	
Mar.-April.	16.12	
April-May.	16.04	
May-June.	15.96	
June-July	15.88	

EGYPTIAN FUTURES.

Liverpool, Sept. 26th.

Prices fixed for to-day

Months.		
Oct	21.25	
Nov.	21.50	-50

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 25th.

M.G. Bengal Good		15.43
" " Fully Good		15.68
" " Fine		15.94
" No. 1 Oomra Good		17.05
" " " Fully Good		17.30
" " " Fine.		17.55
" Broach Good		18.30
" " Fully Good		18.67
" " Fine		18.79
" Scinde Good		15.43
" " Fully Good		15.68
" " Fine		15.94

Liverpool, Sept. 26th

M.G. Bengal Good	15.28
" " Fully Good	15.53
" " Fine	15.79
" No. 1 Oomra Good	16.90
" " " Fully Good	17.15
" " " Fine	17.40
" Broach Good	18.14
" " Fully Good	18.42
" " Fine	18.66
" Scinde Good	15.28
" " Fully Good	15.53
" " Fine	15.79

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept 25th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	38,000
Futures at New York Oct.	24.12
" " Jan.	23.54
" " Mar.	23.69
Spot Cotton at New York	25.35
" New Orleans.	23.88
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	23.32
" " Jan.	22.88

MONEY MARKET

London, Sept 25th.

Bar Silver Spot		55
Closing Tone of Silver :—Steady.		
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917		
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st		4 13/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.		4 3/4
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months		5 1

Interest day to day loans	6 "	5 3/8
" 7 day market loans		5 1/4
Consols 2½ %		54½
Rupee Paper 3½ % Nominal		50½
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan		54¾
Government Securities 3 %		55
Ex. on London at Paris Francs		27.55

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 25th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£87
4½ % 1925—1945	£97½
5 % New	£94¾

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Sept. 25th.

RAPESEED.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold per ton Sept.-Oct. Sellers	£26
Rapeseed, Ferozepore Ordinary Aug.-Sept. Value	£26
Rapeseed, Yellow Gujerat 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Sept.-Oct. Buyers	£60
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship per ton Aug.-Sept. Value	£60

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Sept. Oct. Paid Buyers	£30
Linseed small grain Sept.-Oct. Paid	£29
Linseed Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Value	£25

COTTONSEED.

Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) Nominal	£80

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£126
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£118½
Hard Spelter Nominal	—

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Nov. Sellers	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Nov. Sellers	23

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct. Value	3/2½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct. Value	3/10

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)
September 27.

Owing to the death of the head of the firm of Messrs. Joharmal Mulchand the market is entirely closed to-day. For the Bakri Id holiday the market will be closed to-morrow (Friday).

NOMINAL QUOTATIONS

NEW CROP:

Good Broach	April	—	434
Fine Hingunghat Wardah	January	—	432
" Nagpur Kamptl			428
" Khamgaon Akola			412
" Khandesh			392
" Muthia			374
" Bengal			344
Fully Good Bengal			325

Quotation for NEW CROP are nett, the 5½ per cent. discount having been abolished.

QUOTATIONS 10-0 P.M.

NEW CROP:

Broach good	April	—	431/8
Bengal Fully good	January	—	320

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. of 26th September :—

Cotton					734 bales
Wheat					19,722 qrts.
Linseed					2,998 "
Rape, Rai & Mustardseed, etc.					198 "
Gingellyseed					Nil
Poppyseed					Nil
Groundnuts					648 "
Castorseed					4,531 "
Rice					3,099 "
Myrabollams					2,158 "
Cottonseed					896 "
Mowraseed					Nil
Gram					3,902 "
Jowar					Nil
Maize					Nil
Barley					549 "

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

	24 9-17	Up-to-date.
War Loan	Rs. 1,600	Rs. 3,79,150
War Bonds	" 00	" 13,71,550
Cash Certificates	" 4,042	" 21,16,930-4
Total	Rs. 6,493	Rs. 38,67,630-4

The Governor in Council is pleased to direct that with effect from the 1st October 1917 the Municipalities of Viramgam, Godhra and Thana shall be City Municipalities.

It was decided at the last meeting of the Education Society at Thaton that the delegates for the Young Men's Buddhist Association's coming conference to be held at Pyinmana, are to move a resolution that the conference views with alarm and anxiety the existence of corruption among Burman officials in a flagrant form and considers that strong and drastic measures be taken to suppress this social evil in Burma, and the local Government be approached to appoint a special committee of European officials to hold enquiries in every district and submit their report as early as possible.

ASTHMA

Radical and Sure Cure.

From
K. C. CHATTERJI, F.R.A.S.,
F.R.H.S., F.R.C.I.,
LONDON.

To
Messrs. K. P. RAY & J. P. RAY Bros.,
Benares City.

Dear Sirs,

Your wonderful Specific for Asthma was brought from you by the request of Justice Aziz Mirza, High Court Judge of H. H. the Nizam's Government. The Medicine was applied to the Justice's son and he was glad that no more relapse has been seen up to this time. Justice Aziz Mirza wants me to write to you about this. You may make use of this letter to make the public know that your medicine for Asthma works like CHARMS to the patients.

Yours faithfully,
KALI CH. CHATTERJI.
F.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., F.R.C.I.,
(LONDON.)
Dy. Magistrate,
Hyderabad (Deccan.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Mahomedan: 10th of Julhaj, 1335.
Hindu: [illegible]nd of Bhadrapad, 1973.
Jewish: 1[illegible] Thisri, 5677.
Parsi: 18th of Farwardin, 1287.
Sunrise: 6h. 26min.; Sunset: 6h. 31min.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Bombay Medical Union, ordinary monthly meeting, 7-15 p.m.; dinner, 8-45 p.m.
Bombay Presidency Students' Federation, General Meeting, Morarji Gokuldas Hall, Cavel Street, 6 p.m.
Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

SATURDAY, September 29.

Public meeting of doctors, vaids and hakims to support the Hon. Mr. Patel's Bill to amend Medical Registration Act, Morarji Gouldas Hall, Cavel Street, 6-30 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre, at 9-30, Bandman Company in "A Chinese Honeymoon."

SUNDAY, September, 30.

Excelsior Theatre, at 5 p.m., Reduced Price Matinee, "A Chinese Honeymoon."
Modh Vanik Boarding School, Prize Distribution 4 p.m. (B.T.).

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Excelsior Theatre: at 6-30 and 9-15 p.m. "Masks and Faces."
Royal Opera House: 6-45 Cinema, and 9 The Howitt-Phillips Company in "Miles Tones".
New Alexandra Cinema near Crawford Market 7, 8-45, 10-30.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-15 and 10-0 p.m.
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 6-45, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: At 6-30 and 10 p.m every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday Show, every Sunday at 6-30 p.m. at Edwards
West End Cinema: Charni Road, 5-50, 7-9 8-45 and 10-15.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-40 and 10-15 p.m.
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45.
Anglo-American Cinema: Sandhurst Road 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road.

G. I. P. TRAINS FROM BOMBAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	16 0	14 2
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore).	16 0	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 8
Poona Mail	11 25	14 4
Delhi Express (3rd and Inter Class).	8 30	7 0
Poona Express	19 40	7 5

	Dep.
Punjab Postal Express Calcutta Do. do. Madras Do. do.	On days of arrival seven hours after mail steamer is signalled

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the arrival and departure times from Colaba:—

BOMBAY.	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Northern Express	11 35	17 0
Gujrat Mail	8 15	21 0
Kathiawar 3rd Class Express ..	7 40	21 9

POONA RIFLES.

POONA, Sept. 27.

863. Musketry.—The Rifle range is allotted for Class firing as follows:—
Thursday 27th A Co. 8 men Parts I & II.
Friday 28th B Coy. 8 men Parts I & II.
Saturday 29th B Coy. 8 men Parts I & II.
To report on the range at 7 a.m. sharp. Dress, Drill order, Grey shirts. Rifles will be issued on the range.
The Miniature range is allotted to officers for Class firing on Thursday 27th and Friday 28th at 5 p.m. All officers in Poona are required to complete their annual course on Thursday or Friday.
864. Clothing.—The Quartermaster's stores will be open for issue of Clothing from 8 to 10 a.m. daily except Sundays.
Members of A Company who have not yet received a second issue and members of B Company who have not received a first issue of clothing and all members who have not yet received Grey Shirts must apply for the same before 1st October 1917.
865. Leave.—Lieut. M. Stuart has been granted leave of absence from 24th September to 1st October 1917.
866. Decrease.—The undermentioned is struck off the strength of the Corps from this date:—
No. 635. Pte. A. Sequera "B" Coy. Vide Staff Captain Poona Division's No. R. 19/869 dated 24-9-1917.
867. Leave.—No. 730 Pte. T. F. Raven is granted leave on Medical Certificate from 27-9-1917 to 7-10-1917 inclusive.

A. R. KEARSEY, Captain,
Adjutant Poona Rifles.

HOW THIN PEOPLE MAY PUT ON FLESH.

GREAT DISCOVERY BY EMINENT SPECIALIST.

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing the arms, neck and bust, and replacing ugly hollows and angles by the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness, and it therefore gives us real pleasure to publish herewith a simple prescription which by correcting faulty metabolism and stimulating the activity of certain sluggish vital organs quickly produces a marvellous transformation in the appearance; the increase in weight frequently averaging from 4 to 5 pounds the first week, and very rarely less than 2. This increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Catarrh, dyspepsia, and nervousness which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, all gradually disappear: dull eyes becomes bright, and pale cheeks glow with a bloom of perfect health.

The prescription, which contains no drugs and is absolutely harmless, calls for ½ oz Tincture Cardamoms Compound B.P., ½ oz Salrado Compound, 3 oz. Elixir Simplex and enough water to fill an 8 oz. bottle, and can readily be prepared by any chemist. One to two tablespoonfuls should be taken about 20 minutes before each meal. Eat all you want but chew your food thoroughly.

Enquiries among leading chemists reveal that because of the great demand for this prescription at this time of the year, most chemists keep a quantity put up in complete form under the name of Salrado Tonic Ask to be supplied in a bottle marked in table-spoon doses.

CAUTION: Although the above prescription is unequalled for relieving nervousness, indigestion and catarrhal troubles, it should not, owing to its remarkable flesh growing properties, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.

9732

BAND AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Rly. Regiment, will play this evening, a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

An ordinary monthly meeting of the members of the Union will be held at the Union Rooms to-day, at 7-15 p.m. (S. T.), followed by a Dinner at 8-45 p.m. (S. T.).

A BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

The Shri Bharat Vijaya Natya Samaj, Bombay, staged the drama "Totayachem Band" the other day and gave the proceeds amounting to Rs. 400 to the Aryan Education Society's High School's poor boys fund.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

Mr. V. Kuchinad's lecture on "Influence of Rousseau on European Literature and Politics," announced on the 26th instant, had to be cancelled, owing to the lecturer's illness that very evening.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

A meeting of the society will be held on Saturday 29th September, at 6-0 p.m. (S.T.), when Mr. D. M. Lakhani will propose that, "the profession of a Lawyer is nobler than that of a Doctor," Mr. H. R. Mulliani will oppose. Mr. H. R. Sayani will pre[illegible]

MODH VANIK BOARDING [illegible]

The ninth annual meeting of the Sheth P. J. Kothari and Sheth Mulchand Nanji Modh Vanik Boarding School will be held on Sunday the 30th instant at 4 p.m. (B.T.), at Kothari's wadi, Mint Road Fort, under the presidency of Mr. Vijbhukhandas Manecharam Pakvasa, when prizes will be distributed among the succesful students of the Boarding School from Sheth Mo[illegible]

PUBLIC MEETING OF VAIDS AND HAKIMS

A public meeting of the doctors, vaids, hakims and the public in general taking interest in the advancement of the Aryan and Unani medical sciences will be held at the Morarjee Goculdas Hall, Cavel Street, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), to-morrow, to thank H. E. Lord Willingdon for his kindly permitting the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel to introduce his bill further to amend the Medical Registration Act of 1912 with a view to allow association with the Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of medicine and their practitioners and to support the Bill. Sir N. G. Chandavarker will preside.

GANDHARVA MAHAVIDYALAYA.

The Hon. Mr. Justice A. Choudhari of Calcutta High Court the Mrs. Choudhari and Lady Chandavarkar paid a visit on Tuesday last to this Institution and made an appreciative remark about the Vidyalaya, in the course of which he said:—

We congratulate the promoters of the institution on the brilliant success it has achieved and we thank the Panditji and the Principal and Staff for giving us the chance and seeing them at their work. We hope that it will continue to grow and that we shall be able to organise our work on somewhat similar lines in Calcutta."

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

HOLIDAY CROWDS,

There were two big and enthusiastic holiday crowds at the Royal Opera House yesterday, and the plays chosen by the Howitt-Phillips Company, were most appropriate to the occasion. In the afternoon "The Morals of Marcus" was staged, and in the evening "Under Two Flags" was put on for the second time.

The future work of the Company will be eagerly watched. To-night that evergreen old farce "Are You a Mason?" is certain to draw its customary full house. To-morrow night Bombay will see for the first time the late Stanley Houghton's most popular comedy "Hindle Wakes." It is the story of a Lancashire mill girl who goes away to Llandudno for the week-end with her employer's son and then, after all arrangements have been busybodyingly made for the white-washing of the affair, refuses to marry him. The dialogue and situations are wonderful, and the whole play throbs with human nature.

There will be no matinee on Saturday, but "A Little Bit of Fluff" will be staged on Sunday at 5 p.m. instead. Next Wednesday week, October 10th, will be a red-letter day in Bombay theatrical annals, for "Seven Days' Leave" will be produced then. The whole of the London press has acclaimed this as the finest melodrama the old Lyceum has ever staged, and the theatre is being besieged with enthusiastic crowds at every performance.

ELDORADO.

In "Maciste Alpino" which is to be shown in Bombay at the Eldorado European Theatre, commencing tomorrow (Saturday) the Bombay public will see a great film spectacle bearing on the Austro-Italian War, the like of which has not yet been viewed in this City. To those whose conception of an Italian is that of a luxurious and ease loving child, the almost inconceivable achievements of Maciste Alpino, Italy's strongest man, are nothing short of miraculous. His daring feats of strength, his patriotism, his magnanimity, and all these with a touch of humour even in the most difficult situation, must hold up this Cabirisis artist to public admiration and applause. Glaciers, frowning ice and snow-covered Alpine mountains, to all outward seeming inaccessible, are negotiated by Maciste and his party with what appears like ease, so perfectly trained are these glorious Italians. It is not ease, it is straining labour, of a kind which nothing but actual experience could reveal the real character. Merely to climb unencumbered those giddy heights, fastnesses of eternal snow and ice would be a accomplishment earning the awe and admiration of the world; but not only to climb, but also to drag heavy ordnance material and all the hundred and one impedimenta of War, strikes one dumb with wonder. This Film is full of beauty, amour, action and wonder and has besides an extraordinary plot to grip one's attention. The courage of the Italian Soldier is embodied in Macists Alpino.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

There was good rain during the week ending 25th instant in reporting districts but more is still needed in parts of eastern talukas of the Deccan and the Karnatak. Standing crops are in good condition except for light damage done by rats in one taluka and one division of Karachi, by rats and grass-hoppers in the Desert Division and one taluka of Thar Parkar, by insects in parts of Kathiawar and by continuous rain in three talukas of Hyderabad and one division and one taluka of Thar Parkar and in parts of Upper Sind Frontier, Sukkur and Kaira. The supply of fodder is generally adequate. Agricultural stock is sufficient. The supply of water for irrigation is adequate except in parts of Dharwar. The prices of food-grains were generally steady

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

VALUE OF ARTICULUS MORTEM.

HIGH COURT JUDGES DIFFER.

(Before Justices Heaton and Shah.)

Mahadev Vishweshwar Bhat v. The King-Emperor.

This was an appeal against the decision of the Sessions Judge of Karwar, who disagreeing with the opinion of the assessors found the accused guilty of murdering a young widow Gouramma, and of setting fire to her house, and of robbing her of her ornaments. He sentenced the accused to death for murder, and to three years' rigorous imprisonment for each of the other two offences.

This appeal came on for hearing before their Lordships, Sir John Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah. Their Lordships after hearing arguments and giving their consideration, were unable to agree and they gave differing judgments.

That being so as laid down in sections 429 and 378 of the Criminal Procedure Code the case would be argued before a third judge.

The case is fixed for Monday before his Lordship, the Acting Chief Justice Sir Stanley Batchelor.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATERDAY, THE 29TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1917.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

TO SPEAK TO THE MINUTES OF DECREE.

[illegible] K. [illegible] Keshavji Ramji & ors [illegible]th Harnandrai, Matu J & M.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL [illegible] CAUSE.

1136-15. [illegible] and Co. Kalubai v. Mahomed Abdul Rahman & ors, Wadia G & Co., [illegible] Co., Little & Co., Part [illegible]

BEFORE [illegible] KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 43.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL, LIST A (ATTORNEYS)

262-17.—Subnis & Gore, Ladhooram Dhanraj v. Nandram Mulchand a firm, 9-7-17.

506-16.—Rustomji & Gen, Syed Cassam Syed Abdul Razak v. Aminabai widow & anr, 23-8-17.

715-13.—N B Chothia, Mahomed Nazirkhan v. Aga Mirza Mahomed & ors, Mulla & M, Nadirsha & D, 27-8-17.

770-16.—Khambatta & Co., Messrs Jairup Teja & Co. a firm v. A. A. MacGill, 24-9-17.

850-17.—Merwanji K & Co., Goculdas Kisondas & ors v. Mathuralal Ramkunvar, J Order, 9-8-17.

C C 986-17.—Patell & Ezikiel, Lakhmichand Shivdatrai a firm v. Matadayal Madhavram & ors, 4-9-17.

425-16.—Payne & Co., The Official Assignie of Bombay v. Lalchand Rochoomal Karamchand, Unwalla P & Papa, 10-9-17.

1-17.—Payne & Co., Messrs Vallibhai Fattabhai a firm v. Badrudin Ahmedji & anr, Mulla & Mulla, 24-9-17.

622-17.—Mehta D & Lalji, Goculdas Kallianji & ors v. Purshotam Kalidas & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., 23-9-17.

443-17.—Soonderdas & Co., Jagjiwan Vallabhdas Padamsey & Co., a firm v. The Chanda Coal Prospecting Syndicate Ltd & anr, Judah & Solomon, 25-9-17.

LIST B (COUNSEL.)

552-16.—Malvi M R & Co., Messrs Harnandrai Fulchand a firm v. Dhunnalal Birdichand & anr, Amin & Desai, Notice 3-9-17.

1415-15.—Hiralal & Co., Bhaidas Shivdas v. Bai Gulab & ors, Mehta D & L, Edg G W & Co., Notice 13-9-17.

T & I J In Re Lakhmidas Haridas deceased. —Payne & Co., Manibai widow, Petitioner v. Bachubai, Applicant, Chitnis M & Kanga, 24-9-17.

980 15.—Mehta D & Lalji Ratilal Gandabhai & anr v. Gulabbhai Dewchand & ors, Motichand & D, Re J Order.

732-17.—Judah & Solomon, Maruti Tukaram Patel Hande v. Pandoba Ravji Patel Dhore & ors, Payne & Co., 6-9-17.

759-16.—Edgelow G W & Co., Hajibhoy Lalji & Co., a firm v. Abdullabhoy & Joomabhoy Lallji a firm & ors, Payne & Co., 7-9-17.

1170-16.—Payne & Co., Messrs, Wild & Co. a firm v. Sherahmed Ekbalahmed, Little & Co., Jehangir & S, 7-9-17.

759-16.—Little & Co., Hajibhoy Lalji & Co. a firm v. Abdulabhoy & Joomabhoy Lallji a firm & ors Edgelow G W & Co., 10-9-17.

In Re Indian Arbitration Act 9 of 1899.—Ardesir H D & Co., & Govindram Hariram, Petitioner v. Poonamchand Tulsiram, Respondent, G B Pandya, 18-9-17.

687-17.—Bhimji & Co., Narayen Pandurang Salkar v. Balcrishna Mahadev Seth Parkar & ors, Crawford B & Co., 19-9-17.

903-17.—Surajmal & Co., Shri Ramdas Malaru & Co., a firm v. Gordhandas Nathoo & Co. a firm, Mehta D & Lalji, 26-9-17.

925-16.—Rustomji & Gir, Pandurang Balcrishna Pathak v. Gocul Wasudev Potdar & anr, C P [illegible]ha, 21-9-17.

759-16.—Edgelow G W & Co., Hajibhoy Lalji & Co. a firm v. Abdullabhoy & Joomabhoy Lalji a firm & ors, Little & Co., 24-9-17.

377-17.—Edgelow G W & Co., Messrs Anant & Co. a firm v. Messrs Symington Cox & Co. a firm, Smetham B & Co., 25-9-17.

O S 736-17.—Merwanji K & Co., Bai Goolbai widow & ors v. Goolbai widow & ors, Wadia G & Co., Merwanji K & Co., Mulla & M, Payne & Co., Little & Co., 19-7-17.

O S 967-17.—Jehangir G & B, Bai Dinbai widow v. Pestonji Rattonji Itchaporia & ors, Wadia G & Co., 7-9-17.

FOR CONSENT DECREE IN COURT.

1057-17.—Mulji & Th, Gulabbai widow & ors v. Nagindas Motilal & ors, Mulji & Tha.

1072-17.—Mulji & Tha, Pranjiwandas Motilal & anr v. Gulabbai widow & ors, Mulji & Tha.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSE

609-16.—Hiralal & Co., Mangaldas Ramdas v. Ichhalal Jugmohandas & ors, Payne & Co., Part heard.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMR'S REPORT,

691-15.—Payne & Co., Khimji Assur Virji v. K. Venkatrno Sethupatty & ors, Daph F & D, Kharas & Co.

HOME RULE PROPAGANDA.

BRANCH OPENED AT DAKORE.

(From our Correspondent.)

DAKORE, Sept. 23.

A deputation of the Bombay Branch of the Home Rule League, consisting of Mr. Mansukhlal A. Master and Mr. Indulal K. Yagnik, along with some leading Home Rule Leaguers of Nadiad visited Dakore this morning. The day was spent in exchanging views with the leading men of Dakore and in the evening a large meeting was held at Ambawadi under the presidentship of Mr. Madhavlal Dwivedi, when a branch of the Home Rule League was established.

In his address to the evening's meeting Mr. Mansukhlal A. Master after congratulating the citizens of Dakore on the splendid public spirit they had shown in starting a branch of the Home Rule League, briefly traced the history of the political events of the last three years. He observed that the release of Mrs. Besant and Messrs. Arundale and Wadia was a signal triumph of public opinion in this country. He impressed upon the hearers the great significance of constitutional agitation carried on with courage, faith, vigour and determination. The moral of the agitation of the last three months was that no Government can dare to continue to oppose the firm and united opinion of a [illegible] people. He welcomed the announcement of Mr. Montagu and the speech of the Viceroy as hopeful signs of a change in the repressive policy adopted by the Government of this country. He then explained to the audience the scheme of reforms passed at Lucknow. He exhorted the audience to join the Home Rule League and carry on the fight for India's freedom in a constructive spirit till Home Rule was granted to her.

Mr. Indulal K. Yagnik, who followed him, reminded the audience of the triumph of public opinion in unsettling the settled fact of the Partition of Bengal and in doing away with the Indentured system of labour before the 31st May. He observed that what was wanted in the people was the courage of their convictions and the will to carry them out at any cost. He referred to the discussion in the Imperial Council on the resolution of holding simultaneous examinations and the preponderance of the British element in the Indian Civil and Police Services and pointed out to the audience how strongly, nay how bitterly, the bureaucracy was opposed to the transference of any power which they enjoyed to the Indians. It was against this bureaucracy that they had to fight and it was a fight which will call forth all their strength, courage, will and resources. Several speakers then addressed the meeting. The President in his speech appealed to the audience to join the League.

After the usual vote of thanks, the President announced amidst cries of "Bande-Mataram" that 47 gentlemen had joined the League on the spot.

MEETING AT BULSAR.

(From our Correspondent.)

BULSAR, Sept. 23.

A deputation consisting of Messrs. Shankarlal Banker and Chandrashankar Pandya visited Bulsar on Sunday. In the morning the deputation met some leading citizens, discussed plans of placing the taluka-work on a solid organised basis, enlisted volunteers for explaining the Reform Scheme to the people and for getting the "monster petition" to the Secretary of State for India signed by as many ladies and gentlemen as possible, and arranged for hiring a central place as a Home Rule League office and a free library. In the evening a huge enthusiastic gathering had assembled to hear Mr. Chandrashankar's address. The meeting was attended by nearly 4,000 ladies and gentlemen of all communities. Mr. Dahyabhai Desai, a leading vakil of the place, was voted to the chair. After a few introductory remarks he called on the lecturer to deliver his address.

Referring to the present political situation and the triumph of the Home Rule League agitation for the release of Mrs. Besant and her colleagues, Mr. Pandya enumerated four grounds, among others, for India's demand for Home Rule within the Empire. Firstly, he submitted, every nation had a natural right to manage its own affairs. The lecturer did admit that the theory of natural right had to be applied with due regard to existing conditions. but he wanted to emphasise that the trend of development should be unmistakably towards self-government. Secondly, he contended that the Indian demand was based on the promises and pledges given by Emperors and responsible ministers. Thirdly, he maintained that the present system of administration was defective and unsuited to meet the growing needs of modern India, apart from considerations of justice. Fourthly, he said that unless India becomes a self-governing unit of the Empire she would not be able to command that position in the Imperial reconstruction which her importance deserved. Having given the reason why India demanded Home Rule, the lecturer expounded the three underlying principles of the Reform Scheme. "Gradual transition from bureaucracy to democracy" was the first basic principle of the scheme. "Employment of Indian agency in place of foreign agency" was another fundamental principle. The first principle referred to the system of administration while the second to the manning of the administrative machinery. The third principle was "Autonomy all round" or decentralisation. Mr. Pandya then exhorted the audience to see that the case for India was placed before Mr. Montagu with all the strength the people could command. The lecturer concluded by an appeal to give a permanent shape to the wave of political consciousness in Gujarat and to make the first sitting of the Gujarat Political Conference to be held at Godhra in November under the presidency of Mr. Gandhi a great success.

AT JAMBUSAR.

(From a Correspondent.)

JAMBUSAR, Sept. 26.

A deputation consisting of Mr. Maganbhai Chaturbhai, Bar-at-Law, Mr. Haribhai Amin and others was received on the station by a large number of citizens of the place and conveyed in a procession though the city to their destination amidst loud shouts of "Bande Matram" and applause of the people. After an interview with the leading citizens of the place a crowded meeting of above 2,000 men and 200 ladies was held in the evening, when Mr. Maganbhai presided. They and others dwelt at length upon the meaning of "Swaraj" and brought home its necessity to the people by their lucid and plain language. The enthusiasm was so great that their appeal to enlist their names as members of the Home Rule League was responded to from the audience on the effort by no less than 150 men and 25 ladies. It is gratifying to see that we have been able to start a branch of the Home Rule League here with nearly 300 members on the role.

GOVERNOR'S DURBAR FOR SARDARS OF GUJERAT.

His Excellency the Governor will hold a Durbar for the Sardars of Gujarat on the 5th October 1917, at 5-30 p.m., in the Nowroji Hall, Ahmedabad. Officers of Government and gentlemen present in Ahmedabad who desire to attend should apply to the Commissioner, Northern Division, Ahmedabad.

"A GRAND PANJANDRUM."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—You have placed all Bombay under a debt of gratitude by your refreshingly bold and seasonable article on the way business is conducted and justice administered in the Court of the learned acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

Judicial officers cannot be sufficiently reminded that they hold a privileged position and that any abuse of that privilege might do incalculable harm to parties who cannot retaliate. You have very properly suggested to Government that they must ponder carefully before confirming the appointment of the particular Magistrate referred to. You will however do a very great service if you use your powerful voice to advise Government that it is too much to expect of the best class of Pleaders to offer themselves in a city like Bombay to serve in the important office of administering criminal justice on the munificent acting salary of Rs. 287 per mensem.—Yours etc.,

"TARTUFFE."

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(THURSDAY, September 27.)

The Hon. Sir Basil Scott relinquished charge, and the Hon. Sir Stanley L. Batchelor assumed charge of the office of Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court on the 11th September, 1917, in the forenoon.

Mr. G. V. Jadhav, Additional Subordinate Judge at Rajapur, to do duty as Additional Subordinate Judge at Dapoli.

Mr. H. N. Mehta, Additional Subordinate Judge at Devgad, to do duty as Additional Subordinate Judge at Chiplun.

The resignation of Mr. Phirozshah B. R. Modi of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, has been accepted.

Mr. Mulchand Chunilal Desai, District Inspector of Land Records in the district of Ahmedabad, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. G. N. Kulkarni, District Inspector of Land Records in the district of Satara, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr. W. T. Conway, Acting Senior Assistant Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 21st September, 1917.

Mr. J. A. Arratoon to act as Senior Assistant Secretary to Government and to continue in charge of the Political Department.

Mr. G. H. Misquitta, B.A., to act as Junior Assistant Secretary to Government and to be in charge of the Judicial Department.

Mr. G. Wiles, I.C.S., Personal Assistant to the Collector of Poona, to be Assistant Settlement Officer, for a period of three months, in connection with the revision settlement of the Khed Taluka of the Poona District.

The period of appointment of Mr. J. Abbott, I.C.S., Assistant Settlement Officer, East and West Khandesh, is extended for a further period of six months, in connection with the revision settlement of the Amalner Taluka of the East Khandesh District and the Dhulia Taluka of the West Khandesh District.

Mr. S. A. L. Pereira, Assistant Shipping Master, Bombay, was granted privilege leave for one month and thirteen days with effect from the 21st May to the 3rd July, 1917.

Indian Defence Force.—Captain Fred Coates, Mussoorie Rifles, is transferred to the G. I. P. Railway Rifles.

Mr. A. F. L. Brayne, I.C.S., to be Under-Secretary to Government, Revenue and Financial Departments, with effect from the 1st August, 1916.

The Rev. Philip Loyd, Bishop's Chaplain, is appointed to be Chaplain of Mahableshwar in addition to his own duties, vice the Rev. C. B. G. Collier.

The special temporary appointment in the General Department is extended for a further period of three months with effect from the 23rd September, 1917, and Mr. J. R. Martin, I.C.S., to hold it pending further orders.

Also Mr. Martin to be Compiler of the General Administration Report for 1916-17 in addition to his other duties.

Messrs. G. K. Walvekar, B.A., LL.B., and D. H. Kasabvala, B.A., LL.B., are admitted as Vakils of the High Court.

Mr. G. H. Thiselton-Dyer to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University vice Mr. S. G. Burrow, resigned.

The seven main producing districts in Burma estimate the area under groundnut cultivation for the second crop of the year 1917-1918 at 231,916 acres or 7,406 acres less than at the corresponding date of last year. The area under cotton cultivation in ten chief producing districts is estimated at 2,23,041 acres more than the estimated area at the corresponding date last year.

APPEAL TO BOMBAY CATHOLICS.

ORGANIZATION FOR RECRUITMENT THE ARMY.

(From a Correspondent.)

THANA, Sept[illegible]

In these days of war and general[illegible] there are a number of imp[illegible] questions urgently pressing on the [illegible] tion of the Catholics of Bombay, wh[illegible] quire the co-operation of all the s[illegible] of the community. By far the majo[illegible] them have adopted in various [illegible] European dress and habits of life. [illegible] strikingly than any *Indian* communit[illegible] prominence is displayed in all that [illegible] for enjoyment of life on European [illegible] by means of musical, culinary, paintin[illegible] other arts. The problems that con[illegible] them in regard to education and re[illegible] in the army, position in society etc. [illegible] become more complicated for solution [illegible] account of the fact that a large secti[illegible] them are foreigners from Portuguese [illegible] and under the jurisdiction of the estab[illegible]ed Church of Portugal—though in [illegible] with the Holy See. Matters, however, [illegible] considerably improved by the gra[illegible] growth of some one-third of the Goan [illegible]tion as British subjects, having been [illegible] in British India and some of them [illegible]ralized as British subjects, and the p[illegible] harmony that exists between the two [illegible]siastical jurisdictions. It was the[illegible] with great facility that at an invitat[illegible] the Hon. Dr. Fernandes, Dr. Do A[illegible] Dr. B. Pais and two of the Indian V[illegible] of churches in Bombay a meeting o[illegible] Catholic leaders was held on the 20th [illegible]tant, at the Cavel Catholic Library [illegible] promises to be the centre of *united* C[illegible]lic social and literary activity, as doe[illegible] Catholic Gymkhana for sporting purp[illegible] in order to take steps for establishing [illegible] representative organization for safegu[illegible] and promoting Catholic interests. [illegible] Hon. Dr. Fernandes presided.

The principal speech was made [illegible] Rev. Fr. Goodier S. J., in whi[illegible] urged the gentlemen present to est[illegible] an Association on the basis of ess[illegible] Catholic spirit and unity and obliga[illegible] A committee was appointed to fra[illegible] scheme a such a Union and draft [illegible] At the same time, inasmuch as Ca[illegible] citizens of the British Indian Empire [illegible] was in our highest interests as well a[illegible] solemn duty to play our part in the [illegible] War, the same Committee was authe[illegible] to take the necessary steps for obta[illegible] on a larger scale men for his Maj[illegible] Indian Defence and Regular Forces [illegible] combatant and non-combatants. This [illegible]mitte including the gentlemen, who[illegible] 15th instant, formed themselves int[illegible] Committee for this purpose at the in[illegible] of the Administration of the Arch[illegible] held a meeting on the 23rd instant [illegible] certing measures in order to carry ou[illegible] purpose, with the Rev. Fr. Gyr. [illegible] Administrator of the Archdiocese in [illegible] chair and the Rev. Mongr. Fr. P[illegible] Vicar-General of the diocese of Da[illegible] beside him. Dr. Alban D'Souza Mr. [illegible] Selwyn and Mr. S. A. Leo have bee[illegible] pointed honorary secretaries of the [illegible] mittee. In the circumstances it would[illegible] well to bear in mind the following [illegible] with a view to bestir ourselves in the [illegible] so pressing as taking a more active [illegible] than we have done in the War of the [illegible] pire of which we feel proud to be cit[illegible] It must be recognized at the outset th[illegible] large number of Catholics from this I[illegible] dency (some hundreds) have gone to [illegible] seats of war notably Mesopotamia in [illegible] us department: Telegraph, Postal, Cust[illegible] Railways, Medical, Transport, Mili[illegible] works and count among them a good[illegible] ber holding commissions as lieutenant[illegible] to speak of thousands in the menial se[illegible] But is there not left in us any spark [illegible] martial spirit to which our ancestors [illegible] yore had displayed in old Portuguese [illegible] East India Company's days? It has [illegible] borne in mind that lands were held in [illegible] hay and Salsette during Portuguese [illegible] on a feudal tenure, which required [illegible] lords to help Government with fighting [illegible] both in the army and navy and the [illegible] lic Military in Bombay during the [illegible] Co's days was probably formed on [illegible] footing. In Portuguese India [illegible] elsewhere the army and [illegible] were manned mainly by [illegible] fighting Christian tribes called Kshat[illegible] or charddas. In Kanara the native, [illegible] and chiefs, that took the Christians u[illegible] protection on the decline of the Portug[illegible] power formed battalions of them for i[illegible] ing purposes. To the British they ren[illegible]ed not only pecuniary aid (in one case to[illegible] amount of 3 lakhs 30 thousand rupees [illegible] evidenced by Scurry in his "Captiv[illegible] published in London in 1824) but prov[illegible] a large number of recruits in their arm[illegible] for which they were carried into exil[illegible] the number of about 30, to 60 thou[illegible] Now that Government gives all the op[illegible] tunity of joining the Indian Defence [illegible] regular forces, shall we Catholics (In[illegible] or Eurasians) fight shy and keep b[illegible] leaving the field only to the Europe[illegible] Babus, Kunbis and Mahars? Have we [illegible] come such degenerate cowards that we f[illegible] our old glorious traditions and our post[illegible] mands on Government to let us org[illegible] ourselves into Volunteer Corps of our [illegible] both in Kanara and Bombay? If St. [illegible] Peter the Hermit and St. Bernard [illegible] other saints found cause to preach [illegible] pulpits a crusade against old barba[illegible] Goths, Huns and the Moors is there not [illegible] as noble a cause to preach for our pr[illegible] and by leaders a crusade against the [illegible] century enemies of civilization and of [illegible] Empire under which the Catholic Ch[illegible] enjoys every blessing of liberty at [illegible] more than in Portugal and in France, [illegible] wience hail most of our missionaries. [illegible] community can be proud of itself [illegible] cannot boast of courageous men that [illegible] bear arms and fight for their country's [illegible] Empire's cause. Should we be then a[illegible] ourselves of this privilege as readily [illegible] promptly as it deserves and show ourse[illegible] that we are worthy of the mettle?

YESTERDAY'S RACING AT POONA.

TOOTSIE WINS THE AGA SHAMSHUDIN PLATE.

ANOTHER DAY OF SURPRISES.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

The Bakri-id holiday enabled a large number of people to attend the second day of the second big meeting of the Poona Races. A programme of eight races in which good fields ran throughout afforded considerable interest to the most fastidious. The first race started at 2-40 p.m., a rather early hour for Bombay visitors; but owing to there being eight races on the card it was not possible to start it later. The weather was perfect after the recent rains. The racing was most interesting and many surprises as usual were reserved for the public. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon and Sir Hafcourt Butler, the ex-Lieutenant-Governor of Burma were present through the afternoon.

Tootsie won the Aga Shamshudin Plate and maintained the phenomenal luck of that worthy and sporting owner. Mr. J. Stewart. T. Harrison and his son are to be sincerely congratulated on their brilliant successes this season.

The public resident in the northern suburbs of Bombay, especially Bandra, must be very grateful to the railway authorities for stopping the train on the return journey, as we suggested in these columns at the beginning of this season. On their behalf and others we tender our grateful thanks to them.

A small field contested the Singarh Plate which was the first race on the programme. Crusader, Young Majub and Saood were strongly fancied. Investment won the race from Crusader and paid a decent devidend.

At the station yesterday every body seemed to know that Dyna was going to win the Second Division of the Ripon Plate. It is a wonder that she returned a dividend of four to one. Dyna, late Dynamite III, owned by Mr. A. Nanjee, ran four times in England where she won a five fourlong race at Phoenix Park in 1916, beating a large company easily. She is a very fast mare who will surely do well here. In our forecast we gave a good chance to Birthday Clothes who came second, and we assigned third place to Regal Sally who did come third. Both paid good dividends for place. We hope our readers followed our advice.

The first division of the Ripon Plate was won by Andoversford. This is the third race that this horse has won in succession this season. He has been running each time in almost the same company with almost the same handicap. We gave him and Bellicose sure places in our forecast. Many, however, expressed the opinion that he was bound to win as his handicap was hardly different from last time when he again beat Servian. It was a surprise to us how he escaped the vigilant eyes off the handicapper. Dress came fourth.

Black Hussar, carrying a feather weight won the Bedouin Plate from White Silk. In the Poona Derby he ran third to Collingwood and Mooltan with nine stones. Those who had their eyes open did not allow this chance to slip. Probably his running nowhere in the Turf Club Cup, when carrying 7-11, must have deceived many. Our readers must bear in mind that the way of many Arab horses are mysterious.

The Aga Shamshudin Plate of Rs. 7,500 was the most important event of the day. Tootsie won this race in hollow style from Llangeinor. The handicap of Tootsie in this race was strongly commented upon by almost everybody in the first special. It is no doubt to be wondered how she won so easily after her recent performances. Carpentia was expected to run better and lastime who was the hope of a large following did not secure a place. It is time that the handicaper should relax his severity o this horse.

The Steward's Plate was a poor affair. Te field was small and the victory of Yan was without much opposition. Screame seems to like a long distance race.

We are very pleased that Little Nan won the Chester Plate as Mrs. J. L. Ainsworths in a real sportswoman who takes the greatest in this sport. Little Nan, as we ave already stated in these columns is a very good performer over five and six furlags.

The last race of the day was won by Baloz who returned a large dividend. He mystied the public after his recent poor displas in previous races. Union Jack ran gnely in the company of first and secondclass horses.

Detail:—

THESINGARH PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs 2,000; second Rs 700; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 2nd Division.

Messrs. Salth and Ahmed Hazamy's INVESTMENT. 8-13, Bowley 1

Messrs. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' CRUSADER. 7-8, McCowan 2

Mr. A. I Dakeel's SAOOD. 7-6, Rose 3

Mr. Eras Jijibhoy's YOUNG MAJUB 9-1, Hay 4

Also Ran.—Bahlool 9-1; Arrow 8-13; Full Moon 7-6.

The Rac—They were sent away to a very bad start hen Crusader immediately shot out establing a good lead. He was followed by ung Majub and Investment. They raced this order till before the second stan Crusader looked like having the advants until he was challenged by Investment he went away to win by one length fro Crusader. Saood displaced Young Majub for third place by a neck and half a length separated him from Crusader.

Tote paid:—Win. Rs. 65. Places Rs. 28 and Rs. 26.

Time:—1min. 10secs.

Trainer:—Bazza

THE RIPON PLATE.—Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.

Mr. A. Nanjee's DYNA 8-9 Bowley 1

Mr. F. A. Turrant's BIRTHDAY CLOTHES 8-9 Trenoweth 2

Mrs. J. P. J. Walen's REGAL SALLY 9-0 Rose 3

Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee's CANDESCURE 7-13 Harrison 4

Also Ran.—Mintspear 9-0; Arras 8-11; Fine Trout 8-9; Airman 7-11; Impecunious 8-8; Arles 7-9; Torsen 7-9; Kit Grey Leg 7-7.

Did not run.—Pink Flannel.

The Race.—After one false start they were sent away when Torsen cut out the pace in company with Birthday Clothes and Regal Sally. Before they had entered the turn Torsen gave up and Candescure and Dyna joined the leading pair. Before the stands Dyna well piloted challenged Birthday Clothes and Regal Sally and won by 1½ lengths ¾ neck. Candescure was fourth.

Tote paid.—Win Rs 50. Places Rs 44 Rs 54/8 and Rs 60.

Time.—1 min, 15 secs.

Trainer.—Goolam Ali.

THE RIPON PLATE.—Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.

Messrs. Hastings and Guthrie's ANDOVERSFORD 7-11, Harrison 1

Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's MARGREEN 8-13, Rose 2

Mr. Frank's BELLICOSE 7-11 Collis 3

H. H. the Maharaja of Gowalia's DRESS 9-2, Pullin 4

Also Ran.— Penny Pie 8-11; Servian 8-11; King's Head 8-9; Dollet 8-7; Watch Tower 8-1; Somali 8-0; Lebanon 7-10; Hunyadi 7-8.

The Race.—As soon as the tapes were released Andoversford, King's Head and Margreen showed the way to Dress and Bellicose. King's Head took over command before they entered the straight and looked as if he had matters all his own way until he was challenged by Andoversford. He also his bolt here and had nothing left in hand when Margreen and Bellicose came up to him before the second stands. Andoversford was hardly troubled and won fairly easily from Margreen who was ¾ of a length away; 2 lengths between the second and the third; a neck between the third and the fourth.

Tote Paid.—Win Rs. 71/8. Places Rs. 27 Rs 25 and Rs 49/8.

Time.—1 min. 14⅘ secs.

Trainer.—T. Harrison.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs 3,000; second Rs 1,000; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs.

Mr. S. A. Wahed's BLACK HUSSAR, 7-4 Rose 1

Mr. Ali bin Talib's WHITE SILK 9-3 Hardy 2

Mr. Heath's COLLINGWOOD 9-6 Bowley 3

General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's GOLD FISH II. 9-3 Ruiz 4

Also Ran.—East Court 9-5; Durban 8-13; Tajlimulook 8-9; Nawabzada 8-7.

Did not run.—Zaki Pasha, Ace of Royals, Nizam-ul-Mulk and Excelsior.

The Race.—From a good start White Silk, Collingwood and Black Hussar cut the pace with Gold Fish II lying far behind. About the 2nd furlong Black Hussar joined White Silk and the pair made the race past the stands. Black Hussar won a good race by a head. Collingwood was 4 lengths behind. 2½ lengths between the third and the fourth.

Tote paid.—Win Rs. 60/8. Places Rs. 19/8, Re 22/8, and Rs 27/8.

Time.—1 min. 37⅘ secs.

Trainer.—Mahomed Khielan.

THE AGA SHAMSHUDIN PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 7,500; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. A High Weight Handicap for Horses.

Messrs. J. Stewarts and Guthrie's TOOTSIE 7-12 Harrison 1

Messrs. J. H. Skelton and W. P. Puchey's LLANGEINOR 7-10 Collis 2

Messrs. E. C. Ramshaw's and A. Nanjee's PANTOMIME II 8-2 Flynn 3

Mr M. Goculdass' VERGE 9-5 Huxley 4

Also Ran.—Royal Ambition 7-2; Bachelor's Wedding 9-3; Radiant 8-12; Carpentia 7-0; Pastime 8-6.

The Race.—They were sent away to a good start when Tootsie set the pace from the commencement with Pantomime II and Carpentia in close attendance. Radiant and Verge lying last. Before they had reached the turn Llangeinor joined the leaders and having displaced Pantomime he challenged Tootsie, and after a fine finish Tootsie won by a neck, 2 lengths and 3 lengths.

Tote paid.—Win Rs. 80/8. Places Rs. 22, Rs 26 and Rs 29/8.

Time.—1 min. 27⅗ secs.

Trainer.—T. Harrison.

THE STEWARDS' PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.

Winner Rs. 7,500; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mr. M. Goculdass' YUAN 6-12, Purtooesingh 1

Mr. D. B. Captain's SUGAR LOAF 8-5, Rose 2*

Miss H. F. Petit's SCREAMER 9-12 Bowley 2*

H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's VIDI 7-9 Pullin 3

*Dead heat.

Also ran.—Brownii 9-11; Gravelotte 8-8; Cyanite 8-4.

The Race.—As soon as they were released Yuan shot out followed by Cyanite and Vidi. Sugar Loaf and Screamer in company brought up the rear. Yuan was never headed and looked a winner all the way in the straight. Sugar Loaf and Screamer raced for places and dead heated for second place. Won by 2 lengths, dead heat 1 length.

Tote paid:—Win Rs 80/8 Places Rs. 50 Rs. 20/8 and Rs 14.

Time.—2 mts. 42 secs.

Trainer.—J. Robinson.

THE CHESTER PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs 3,500; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mrs. J. L. Ainsworth's LITTLE NAN. Rose 1

General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's PREMIERE 7-10 Collis 2

General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's LADY MURIEL 7-4 Purtoosingh 3

Messrs. F. M. Garda and Goculdass FIRE FINCH 9-0 Huxley 4

Also Ran.—Miss Rollestone 9-6; Joyous Gard 9-0; Dunskey 7-0; Hopper 7-13; Verres 7-12; Bruce Simon 7-9; Comical Corner 7-9.

Did not run.—Black Kite.

The Race.—From a level send off Premiere and Little Nan were the first to shot out; Lady Muriel and Fire Finch coming up gradually. Little Nan collared Premiere in the straight and lasted to win by a neck. Lady Muriel and Fire Finch contested for 3rd place. Lady Muriel was 3 lengths behind her stable companion 2 lengths between the third and fourth. Joyous Guard was left at the post and came in after the horses had weighed in.

Tote paid.—Win Rs 51. Places Rs. 18, Rs. 54 and Rs 33/8.

Time.—1 min. 14 secs.

Trainer.—E. C. Ramshaw.

THE KIRKEE PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000 second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under.

Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' BALOZ 9-2 Huxley 1

Mr. A. Nanje's Ace of Royals 9-1 Bowley ... 2

Mr. A. S. Oomer's UNION JACK 7-0. Japheth 3

Messrs Dara Cowasjee and A. A. Begmahomed's RED CROSS 9-1, Hardy ... 4

Also ran.—Tammooz 9-12; Vellard 8-4; Defender 7-11; Medallion 6-0; Bayonet 6-0; Sherali 6-0; Peshwa 6-0.

Did not run.—Zaki Pasha, Bahlool, Outfit and Durban.

The Race.—The start was very poor, they got off in a file when Baloz went in front followed by Red Cross and Ace of Royals. Union Jack came up very strongly towards the end and very nearly joined the leaders. In the [illegible] at a fine race ensued between Baloz and Ace of Royals, the former gained the verdict by a neck, 3 lengths and 4 lengths

Sherali ran away with Northmore and took no part in the race.

Tote paid:—Win Rs. 175. Places Rs. 52, Rs. 23 and Re 19.

Time.—1 min. 9 secs.

Trainer.—A. Hayt.

DADABHAI NAOROJI.

BOMBAY PARSIS' TRIBUTE TO HIS MEMORY.

An Anjuman meeting of the Parsis, convened by the Trustees of the Parsi Punchayat Funds, in response to a requisition signed by over 2,750 Parsis, was held yesterday in the Aiboss Baug, Bombay, to express regret at the death of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji. Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy presided.

Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy, referring to the heavy loss sustained by the community and the whole of the country in the death of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, said Mr. Dadabhai was the greatest patriot produced either by the Parsi community or the country, and no man had won for himself the love and devotion of his countrymen in a greater measure than the Grand Old Man of India. Mr. Dadabhai was one in ten millions.

THE GREAT LESSON OF HIS LIFE.

What were the great lessons of Mr. Dadabhai's life? The Parsi community was well-known for its charities, and he gave the best form of charity by living the life of a poor man in all its simplicity, working for the good of his community and his country with all his energies. He was the pioneer of female education among the Parsis and he inaugurated the movement, without any hope of help from the then leaders of the community and without any remuneration. Similarly he carried on a crusade against superstitious rites and customs that had crept up among the community. He had faith in the sense of justice of the British and had in the end been able to get justice done to India.

FATHER OF SELF-GOVERNMENT MOVEMENT.

He was the father of the Self-Government movement in this country. His advice to them was to carry on agitation to bring about a satisfactory settlement of the question, but he at the same time advised them all to exercise self-control in conducting that agitation, to properly realise their duties and responsibilities, to put faith in the sense of justice of the British people, and to advance at a moderate pace. The speaker concluded by saying that there was special need of bearing that advice in mind during the present times.

A TRUE ZOROASTRIAN.

Shamsululma Dastur Darab Peshotan Sanjana moved the following resolution: "That the death of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, the Grand Old Man of India, has caused widespread regret in the whole of the country. He rendered invaluable services to the whole of the country for four decades with transparent sincerity, unflinching determination and great abilities and made a disinterested, bold and determined fight for years in the interests of the Indian people, and he thereby won in an extraordinary degree the respect, complete confidence and boundless devotion of communities of India who knew him by the revered name of 'Hind-na-dada.' He lived the life of a true Zoroastrian, and this great co-religionist, by living a simple and spotless life, furnished a noble example to the community. He willingly made sacrifices during his long and glorious career in the interests of the Indian people. He was the first Indian and first Parsi to enter the British Parliament and he did much there to further the interests of India. He made noble endeavours to further the spread of female education among the Parsis and boldly stood by the community on all occasions of difficulty. By his simple and spotless life he won the love and admiration of millions of his countrymen and he considerably added to the glory of the Parsi community. This Anjuman meeting of the Parsi Zorastrians expresses and puts on record its sense of regret at the death of such an universally respected co-religionist."

Dr. Jehangir Cursetji seconded the resolution, which was passed.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA V. HINDOO GYMKHANA.

The above match was played at the Bombay Gymkhana ground yesterday and resulted in Draw in favour of the Hindoo Gymkhana. Scores:—

HINDOO GYMKHANA.

S. K. Divekar, c Bock, b Racker	16
S. M. Dalvi, run out	78
S. S. Dongre, not out	25
K. R. Swami, not out	12
P. Ganpat, Did not bat.	
D. L. Pupala, "	
Rajaram, "	
B. M. Dalvi, "	
R. A. Wagle, "	
M. D. Pais (Capt.), "	
M. H. Chanda Rana, "	
Extras	13
Total for 2 wickets	144

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

Capt. L. A. F. Weigall, c Ganpat, b Wagle.	7
E. E. Christie, b Chanda Rana	12
P. Morris Davis, b Chanda Rana	4
F. M. Garnett, c Pais, b Wagle	5
F. Racker, b Chanda Rana	0
Capt. E. N. Bock, b Wagle	0
K. H. McCormack (Capt.). not out	14
Capt. J. R. D. Webb, c Pais, b Wagle	0
J. G. Adams, b Wagle	0
A. Hinchcliffe, c Swami, b Wagle	1
P. G. Johnson, not out	0
Extras	12
Total for 9 wickets	55

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

HINDOO GYMKHANA INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
J. G. Adams	8	38	0	0
A. Hinchcliffe	10	32	1	0
K. H. McCormack	5	14	2	0
F. Racker	8	18	0	1
Capt. E. H. Bock	8	18	3	0
F. M. Garnett	3	11	0	0

*Mr. Adams bowled 1 No Ball.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
M. H. Chanda Rana	14	24	6	3
R. A. Wagle	14	19	8	6

POSTMEN'S STRIKE.

SPLENDED MORALE OF THE MEN.

DETERMINED ATTITUDE ON BOTH SIDES.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL INTERVIEWED BY PUBLIC.

(By our Special Correspondent.)

THURSDAY NIGHT.

The disappointing attitude of the Director-General has not affected in any way the unity and morale of the men. In the brief interval yesterday between the return of the deputation and the hour of disposal they could not have realised the full significance of what had taken place. They nevertheless reaffirmed their determination to hold out. But after calm reflection overnight on the probable effects on their own position, should the authorities persist in their present attitude, they have shown no manner of waverings, and are firm in their resolve to stand to the very last for their rights.

UNFOUNDED RUMOURS OF A SPLIT.

It is being given out by some people that there are already signs of weakening among the men and that they will ultimately yield to official pressure. All the enquiries I have made go to show that this is the kind of unintelligent anticipation which is usually inspired by the wish being father to the thought. Having regard to the disposition of things until late this evening, it can be certainly stated that any talk of a split is merely a comfortable delusion. The men realize to show weakness at this stage will prove their ruin. This was what was freely urged and agreed to among themselves before they dispersed in the evening.

PRESTIGE AND NOT FAIRNESS.

In the meantime, the authorities, too seem to have taken more intimate counsel among themselves. They are evidently disquieted by the fairness shown by the men—which they regard as unusual. But by their want of tact, they have reduced themselves to an awakward position from which they cannot, they seem to think, withdraw, without suffering in "prestige." The position presents a grim humour. Here are the authorities who are afraid lest their prestige should suffer, while the men are smarting under a sense of unredressed grievances. Meanwhile the public at whom a great blow has been dealt remain helpless.

AUTHORITIES' ATTITUDE NOT CONCILIATORY.

The authorities would seem to be in a mood of suppressed rage at their failure to effect a settlement, which is not motived by the ever-increasing complaints of the public. Some of them, we fear, would not scruple to make examples of the 820 men or so, if they could—such is the unjudicial temper to which they have been roused. There is a lot of what one may regard as irresponsible talk about the unlimited and inexhaustible resources of the authorities and what they would be able to do and so on. This sort of thing surely does not help to effect an amicable and satisfactory settlement. If it was merely a case of employers on the one side and employees on the other, there might be something to be said for it. The Post Office is not a Spinning and weaving mill or a railway workshop, where whoever can hold out longer stands to win. Vast public interests being at stake, the public has a right to interfere and tell the authorities that they must settle their disputes without any further delay. The numerous letters and telegrams that have been sent to the authorities both here and elsewhere go to show that the public is now wide awake to the probable "ruinous" consequences to them if the strike is allowed to continue. Since yesterday several business men have interviewed the authorities and I am informed that among the callers on the D. G. to-day was the Hon. Mr. C. .V. Mehta, who has been lately elected the Vice-Chairman of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. The result of the interview is considered more or less unsatisfactory in all the cases.

SOME INTERESTING SIDELIGHTS.

I understand that another very influential and important merchant of Kalbadevi has given the Postmaster-General a piece of his mind about the absurd state of affairs which has been allowed to continue now for over eight days. He called on that authority in connection with some important insured letters and other documents of his which had been lying undelivered to him at the Kalbadevi Post Office for over four or five days and demanded of him (the P. M. G.) their delivery, and report goes that the latter asked the Presidency Postmaster to go to the sub-office concerned in Company with the merchant and see personally to the immediate delivery of his letters, etc.

To say little of the state of affairs in the sub-offices, it is no more satisfactory in the Fort, which is served by the G. P. O. It has been claimed for this section that they have been able to present a clean state of affairs. Several correspondents have forwarded to me the outer covers of some of their letters from which it is only too evident that the authorities have failed in attempting to solve the riddle of the strike. Letters bearing the G. P. O. stamp of 20th September were delivered to-day and distinctly bear a second stamp of to-day's date (27th). this is not the case with an isolated office. Some of the offices are very prominently located in Hornby Road in close proximity to Tata's, Allahabad Bank, and other important business places. yet letters and packets received in Bombay on the 20th Sept. could not be allowed until to-day!

LETTERS OF HON. MEMBERS CONSIGNED TO D. L. O.

It may interest the readers to learn of another case from the D.L.O. case, which I have learnt from a very reliable quarter. Some bags were sent to the D. L. O as containing letters and packets whose addressees could not be traced. The D. L. O. received the bags under protest as many of the letters did not bear the usual remarks—"unclaimed," etc, and it is said that the D. L. O. clerks found to their great surprise letters addressed to some Hon. Members of Council among the contents of the bags!

MR. GINWALA'S "INTERVIEW."

Readers will be astonished to hear probably, that Mr. Ginwala of the firm of Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwala was sent for yesterday evening by the authorities so that he might participate in the interview of the Postmen's deputation with the authorities. When Mr. Ginwala in company with the deputy of the authorities reached the office, the interview had already commenced and he was politely requested by the Presidency Postmaster to wait for a while in his office down below. Taken aback as he was, Mr. Ginwala even waited in the Presidency Postmaster's office for a time and as there was no sign of his coming down and as he himself had been sent for with the express object of taking part in the discussions, Mr. Ginwala left the Post Office leaving a note of protest behind him. The conduct of the authorities must indeed seem remarkable, having regard especially to the presence of quite a respectable number of police officers. It will have been seen from Mr. Halai's telegram published yesterday that the business community is becoming restive and that it is in no mood, having regard to the heavy loss it has already suffered, to tolerate the continuance of the hopeless condition of things, until such time as it should please the authorities to restore order and regularity by importing novices and training them up to the duties of Bombay postmen. There is also the extravagant expenditure of public money, which has been going on, since the strike began in the name of assisting the convenience of the public, and securing efficiency in the postal service. To people who have been accustomed to not less than half a dozen postal deliveries daily the present situation must be pretty trying from the business point of view. It is felt that the time has now come for some sort of effective public protest. The authorities have shown already sufficient disregard for public interests and convenience.

It has been remarked that the public have been very indifferent to their own interests because they have not helped the authorities to persist in declining to negotiate with the men, who until yesterday were perfectly willing to accept the considerably reduced scale that had been placed before the Presidency Postmaster by Mr. Ginwala. The latter has yet to receive a reply to his revised memorandum from the authorities whose careful consideration of that document had been readily promised him on Tuesday. If the demand of the authorities for public help and support in a situation of the present nature were to be conceded for a moment, the employees—whether they be of the Post Office or any other office—must abandon all hope of improving their own prospects by joint and co-ordinated effort, and submit in the long run to a civilised form of serfdom to departmental dictators.

SYDENHAM COLLEGE STUDENTS' UNION.

Mr. Syud Hossain will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Union this evening at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), on "Some Administrative Problems in India."

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY STUDENTS' FEDERATION.

Under the auspices of he Federation a general meeting of the students of Bombay will be held to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the Morarji Goculdas Hall, Cavel Street.

(Continued from column 6.)

ment as can be judged by the public opinion and the hands of the Post Master General Bombay and of the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs in India are thus greatly strengthened to give favourable consideration to the Postmen's grievances, thereby putting an end to the strike and giving immediate relief to the suffering public by the immediate resumption of the usual delivery service.—Yours, etc

COMMUNE [illegible]NUM.

Bombay. 27th September 1917.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Much is being written in your columns for the strikers, but very few people have any idea how public money is being wasted in paying the daily wages of one rupee to men whose worth in normal times is much less. At one centre the distributor neither knew Modi nor Devnagri script and very little of English alphabet. There was none to read Modi or Devnagri for him and such letters were given a quiet go-bye. His knowledge of English alphabet was so extensive that a letter addressed to Dhanhai in bold clear hand was passed off as that of Dahyabhai. There was a letter for Motilal Kaikhoshro (the distributor's own creation)! Inter-marriage between Parsis and Hindus are not so numerous as to bring such names in vogue soon! Even if there is no rush of men, we are not permitted to touch the file of letters and pick out ours. We are asked to come at appointed hours, never mind where we may be at the appointed time. Here is a windfall for the illiterate unemployed, which tax payers please note! —Yours, etc.

SHANTARAM GANESH.

Bombay Sept. 27, 1917.

POSTAL STRIKE.

I.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It was with tense expectation that the public in Bombay awaited the arrival of the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs in Bombay, and we thought it worth while to sit silent until the highest head of the Department decided one way or the other. We expected that soon after his arrival we should begin to get our mails. But from what we see and hear this intolerable position does not seem likely to be removed. Does it now remain a departmental question? Certainly not. We do not belong to the Postal Department.

Whenever the blessings of the British Raj are recounted the Post is a primary one on the list. Are we at present enjoying it? No. Because a department does not apparently wish to have it. We say this is precisely a public question and the Government can no longer look at this plight of a million of British citizens with indifference. It is a public question and we call upon our leaders to convince the Government that it is no longer a mere departmental question.

What is the position of the Postal Department? Is it like the Revenue or Customs or Excise or Income Tax Department—that it must yield a particular income to the State? Or is it like the Educational Department that is worked at some cost to the State? Neither the Postal Department is a department certainly run at a profit and essentially for public convenience. The postal employees including the D. G. and P. M. G. are paid by the public not indirectly as every public servant including the Secretary of State is, but directly. It is the price of stamps each of us affixes to his card or letter that directly pays all Postal employees including from the highest downwards.

The P. M. G. has improved the system of opening delivery Centres. The delivery Centres have only aggravated the wound inflicted by this P. M. G. The letters are not sorted out even to the correct delivery Centres. Letters of the Goregaonkar's Chawls were found in a wrong centre and were brought over to those chawls by a casual friend staying in the part assigned to that centre. Letters addressed to the Servants of India Society, such a well-known place, were found lying in the Chaupati Post Office even in spite of the important fact that there is something like a delivery centre even in that Society's Building. To-day even a centre has been changed without notice.

It has been suggested that Colaba and Malabar Hill are working well. In the first place people staying in those parts are particularly well-known and are very high individuals who can at once approach Government, and secondly what is more important—in those two offices four or five men—readers and overseers together who have not, for reasons unknown to us, joined the strike. Every attempt is being made to misrepresent matters. We have heard of secret orders passed to the several Postmasters even to remove the heaps of letters lying undelivered to their private quarters, so that it may appear to all whom it may that the "strike is well in hand"!

The revised demands that we find in papers to-day, looking to the cost of living at present, are nothing more than a living wage. It should have occurred to the D. G. when he put the thorn of the War before the strikers, that that thorn prick both sides. If the Departmental Head would not like to lose a few—rupees— credit by lessening the profit made by the Government out of the Postal Department by that sum, the Government in the interests of the severely suffering public should intervene and end this public calamity involved by the obstinacy of a Departmental head or heads. At present those heads are squandering public money as if for inconveniencing the public. Nobody apparently seems inclined to take the authorities to task. Were the same *misspent* money distributed to the Postmen, we the public of Bombay would never have had to live in the dire plight wherein we at present have the ill-luck to be on account of the injudicious stubbornness of the Post-Master-General.—Yours etc.,

SADASHIV MAHADEV DIVEKAR.
BALVANT VISHNU PAREKURE.
And 50 others.

Bombay, Sept. 27, 1917.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The prolongation of the Postmen's strike has been causing tremendous inconvenience to the public and the Indian merchants and Indian bankers must have been put to losses by the non-delivery of their business letters in time, as the strike has entirely dislocated the postal service in the delivery departments, in spite of the great endeavours made by the Postal authorities to cope with the difficult situation in which they have found themselves, and a word of praise is due to the Presidency Post Master and his hardworking staff for their unceasing labours and best efforts from morning till evening every day since the day of the strike to work off the daily Indian mails and the last two English mails, but these great efforts cannot possibly remedy or relieve the dislocated service, and it will be too much for the public already inconvenienced and exasperated of which the authorities must be well aware, to bear much longer the inconveniences etc. they are invited to put up with. During the discussion in the Viceroy's Council on the 25th instant on the question of increasing the salaries of the I.C.S. men in the lower ranks of the service as recommended by the Public Services Commission. Sir James Du Boulay replying on behalf of the Government, and one of the causes he pleaded for granting relief to the discontented men in the lower ranks of the Indian Civil Service was "rise in food prices." When the Indian Government have thus openly admitted that the cost of living has now increased, surely the poor postmen's case is deserving of greater sympathetic treat-

(Continued in column 5.)

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CONGRESS AND MOSLEM LEAGUE SCHEME OF REFORMS.

PETITION TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

It is proposed to send a monster petition from the people of the Bombay Presidency to the Right Hon. E. S. MONTAGU urging upon him the necessity of the immediate grant of the Reforms Scheme adopted by the Congress and the Moslem League. This petition has been drafted by Mr. M. K GANDHI and reads as follows:—

"To the Right Hon.
E. S. MONTAGU,
Secretary of State for India.

The Petition of the British Subjects of the Bombay Presidency.

Humbly Sheweth,

(1) The petitioners have considered and understood the Swaraj Scheme prepared by the ALL-INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE and COUNCIL of the MOSLEM LEAGUE and unanimously adopted last year by the INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS and the ALL-INDIA MOSLEM LEAGUE.

(2) The petitioners approve of the Scheme.

(3) In the humble opinion of the petitioners, the reforms proposed in the aforementioned Scheme are absolutely necessary in the interests of India and the Empire.

(4) It is further the petitioners' belief that without such reforms India will not witness the era of true contentment.

For these reasons the petitioners respectfully pray that you will be pleased to give full consideration to and accept the reform proposals and thus render successful your visit taken at great inconvenience, and fulfil the national hope.

And for this act of kindness the petitioners shall for ever remain grateful."

The Public are hereby informed that those who wish to sign the petition can do so at the Office of the Home Rule League at 251, HORNBY ROAD, between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. every day, or at the office of the Indian Home Rule League, 7-35, near Girgaum Tram Terminus, from 8-30 to 11 a.m. and 2-30 to 7-30 p.m.

UMAR SOBANI.
S. G. BANKER,
Jt. Hon. Secretaries,
Home Rule League (Bombay Branch),
251, Hornby Road.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, September 28, 1917.

POSTAL AUTHORITIES AND THE PUBLIC.

It is more than a week now since the Bombay postal strike began. As our readers are aware we have attempted, notwithstanding considerable difficulties, to follow the course of events from day to-day. We have done so not only during the period of the strike (so far), but also in respect of the preceding negotiations whose failure precipitated the crisis, and our attitude was determined by a regard for the supreme public interests involved. The strike began on the 19th instant, and enough has transpired since then to enable the public to realize how close they have been brought to the brink of disaster. This is not the language of exaggeration or passion: it represents the feelings of the vast majority of the citizens of Bombay, who have been suffering acutely, but in silence so far, in the hope that a satisfactory solution of the dispute would be found. An enormously restraining influence on the public has been their confidence in the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs. There was the more reason for the public to have looked up to Sir William Maxwell as they had already lost all faith both in the capacity and the willingness of the Postmaster-General,—the provincial head of the Department,—to find a way out of the *impasse*. The crisis, indeed, was the creation of the Postmaster-General. If it were not for this functionary's callous and obdurate disregard of public interests, there would, we have no hesitation in saying, have been no strike in Bombay to-day, and her citizens, therefore, would have been spared the unprecedented harrassment and loss to which they have been subjected. What are the facts? Such unrest as manifested itself among the Bombay postmen was not quite an unexampled phenomenon, coming at the time it did. While it may conceivably require some effort of the imagination on the part of well-nourished people to realize, the melancholy fact remains that the lot of the poorer and the poorest sections of the community has become all but insupportable in these days of war prices and privation. That is a fact that need not be laboured. Bombay itself has witnessed more than one emphatic and even desperate assertion of that economic truth in recent weeks. There was nothing culpable or astounding, therefore, in the fact that the notoriously overworked postmen of Bombay should have found it hard to make the two ends meet on the old wages, and represented accordingly to their departmental superiors. The first of the representations dates back to March last, and it elicited nothing more than a rather casual sort of acknowledgment. After six months, however,—the great virtue of patient deliberation can always be exercised triumphantly at some one else's expense,—on September 4th it was announced that the Director-General had sanctioned a certain revision of the grades. This decision affected the interests of over 1,000 men, and the "relief," on scrutiny, appeared to be less real than might have been supposed. With the subsequent phases of the negotiation our readers are familiar. They culminated in the refusal of the Postmaster-General to forward the men's representation, drawn up by their attorneys, to the Director-General. Notwithstanding this unwarranted harshness, the men's attorneys wrote to the Postmaster-General once more urging,—in vain,—

> "that you will consider the demaands of our clients in a fair and proper spirit and take immediate steps to transmit the same to the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, and allay discontent among the men in the mutual interest of the men and Government."

It is easy to see where the responsibility for this intolerable muddle lies. The strike began the following morning.

We shall not describe the course of the strike. It is a familiar story, being told feelingly in every home and business house in Bombay. We are more concerned with the amazing sequel to the Director-General's visit to Bombay, and with the prospects of settlement viewed in that light. No one could have been given a more cordial welcome than was accorded by the Bombay public to Sir William Maxwell; no one could have wished for a better opportunity to do the right thing and the necessary thing. Belief in his wisdom and capacity to find a solution of the deadlock was profound and general. Yet within a couple of days of his arrival he has demolished all the hopes that were entertained of a speedy and satisfactory settlement. He has helped to aggravate the situation, and it is therefore time that the public ceased to regard the postal strike as a private affair between a few entrenched "captains of industry" on the one side and a number of benighted employees on the other. By what rules of decency or commonsense the character of the conference that met on Wednesday at the instance and under the auspices of the Director-General, can be justified, we are at a loss to understand. Having summoned a deputation of the men's representatives Sir William Maxwell sat down to a conference, not only assisted, as was right, by his own departmental subordinates, but also attended by Mr. Vincent, the Commissioner of Police, and three of his most distinguished C. I. D. satellites! The peculiar notions of propriety which enabled the Director-General to invite or allow Messrs. Vincent, Pettigara, Patwardhan and Taki to share his deliberations, constitute a puzzle in bureaucratic statesmanship which we must beg leave to give up. What on earth were these gentlemen doing there? The Police are a useful body, but the limitations and conditions of their usefulness have been prescribed by law. Their gratuitous obtrusion in a purely economic or departmental dispute was as unwholesome an innovation as it is possible to conceive. Moreover, if Sir William Maxwell knows anything of India, he might have known that his astounding procedure was susceptible of only one inference: indirect intimidation of the men. No wonder that negotiations conceived and carried out in such a spirit failed. They deserved to. While the C. I. D. force mustered strong at this conference which had been ostensibly summoned for a discussion between the postal authorities and the postal employees, the men's accredited representative and spokesman, Mr. Ginwala, after having been called to the office by the authorities, was left waiting outside, until in sheer disgust he departed. If the Director-General had no worthier plan than this in his mind of effecting a settlement of the trouble he might have saved himself the trouble of coming to Bombay. It is clear now that no solution of this matter is to be expected from the authorities of the Post Office. The public must therefore now set about finding other means of protecting their interests which have so far been allowed to be sacrificed with cynical and unpardonable indifference.

Notes of the Day.

The Irish Convention.

The work of the Irish Convention is proceeding apace,—albeit silently. On Tuesday, as Reuter informs us, the twentieth meeting of the Convention resolved to refer the various schemes discussed by it to the Grand Committee with a view to the preparation of a scheme for submission to the Convention, which will meet the various difficulties expressed during the debates. That these difficulties will be satisfactorily met is foreshadowed in the speech of Sir Horace Plunkett, the Chairman of the Convention,—in which is given the first public indication of the work of the most representative body of Irishmen that has ever been brought together to formulate a national polity for their country. Sir Horace said that the prevalent optimism regarding the Convention was more than justified; for it had passed a most important stage and was approaching the next when he hoped that the constitution would be completed. Let us hope the Constitution will work the miracle of being equally acceptable to Sinn Fein and Ulster.

Kerensky v. Korniloff.

Further light is thrown on the Kerensky—Korniloff imbroglio, which resulted in the former's recent assumption of dictatorial powers. According to a statement by General Savinkoff, formerly Minister of War, in the "Bourse Gazette," Korniloff's revolt was due to misunderstanding. M. Lvoff, ex-Procurator of the Holy Synod, informed General Korniloff that M. Kerensky was willing to form a Directorate of which he together with Generals Korniloff and Savinkoff should be the principal members. To M. Kerensky, Lvoff afterwards handed an ultimatum written by himself but purporting to come from General Korniloff demanding he should be the Dictator. Thereupon M. Kerensky inquired of the General by telegraph whether he subscribed to the words of Lvoff. General Korniloff, ignorant of Lvoff's treachery, replied in the affirmative, with the now well-known consequences. The statement seems too good to be true, though instances of this kind are not rare in history, more especially in Russia. Korniloff is an able General who distinguished himself in the service of the Revolution as lately as July last.

Revealing Figures.

In reply to a question in the Imperial Legislative Council last week the following statement was placed on the Council table showing the number of gazetted appointments above the rank of Registrar in the Government of India Secretariat and attached offices:

Department or Office.	NUMBER OF APPOINTMENTS On Rs 2,000 and above. Held by Europeans.	Held by Indians.	Below Rs. 2,000. Held by Europeans.	Held by Indians.
Home Depart	2	...	1	...
Office of Director-General, Indian Medical Service	1	...	2	...
Office of Director, Criminal Intelligence ...	1	...	3	...
Foreign and Political Department	4	...	2	...
Finance Department	2	...	1	1
Public Works Department	3	...	2	...
Legislative Department...	2	...	...	1
Army Department	...	...	...	...
Railway Department ...	6	...	8	...
Revenue and Agriculture Department	3	...	2	...
Commerce and Industry Department	3	...	7	...
Education Department ...	3	...	4	1
Financial Adviser, Military Finance	2	...	6	1
Total	32	...	38	4

The figures speak for themselves. Out of thirty-two appointments carrying a salary of Rs. 2,000 and over in the Imperial Secretariat—which is the "holy of holies" of the bureaucratic machine—not one is held by an Indian and only four out of thirty-eight lower appointments are held by Indians!

"Preserving" Monuments.

One of the very few good things Lord Curzon did for India was to organise the Archaelogical Department and to invest local Governments with the power of declaring any ancient relic a "potected monument," that is, a monument in regard to which the Government assumed the full responsibility of careful preservation How this policy of "protecion" is understood by some local Governments is seen in the latest report of archaeological work in the North-West Frontier Province. About fourteen years ago Sir John Marshall unearthed some very ancient monuments in the province, and Dr. Spooner and Sir Aurel Stein unearthed some others near by. No attempt seems to have been made to acquaint the local unlettered people with the archaeological value of the monuments nor was any arrangement made to see that they were carefully preserved—with the result that the people freely drew upon what seemed to them a mere heap of stones for building and repair purposes, so that when the Superintendent eventually visited the place, he reported as follows:

> "I started on this trip in the hope that these remains would be found more or less intact; but when I reached the two sites I saw to my great regret that not a vestige remained of the monuments which were unearthed with such toil and expense; for the hand of time, coupled with the vandalistic propensities of the local population, had caused their disappearance almost *in toto*."

Why on earth did not the Archaeological Department, or the Local Government take some precautionary step to foil the "vandalistic propensities of the local population"?

The Health of the City.

A slight improvement in the general conditions of health was noticed last week in Bombay, the death-rate coming down from 37.21 to 36.76. There were in all 693 deaths, of which as many as 285 were among children under five years. Plague registered 26 attacks and 20 deaths, being four attacks and four deaths less than in the previous week. In the corresponding week of last year there were only seven fatal cases of plague. Small-pox registered only a single attack but no death, while there was also reported a single case of cholera from the Harbour section, which proved fatal. The mortality from the other principal diseases occurred as follows:—phthisis 27, other diseases of the respiratory system 219, diarrhoea 45, dysentery 28, malaria 7, enteric 4, tubercular diseases 21 and old age and debility 102. There were 420 live-births during the week in addition to 48 still-births and 14 premature births.

Official and Personal.

His Highness the Jam Sahib of Jamnagar has just received the sad news by cable that his nephew, Lieut. Kumar Dajiraj of Jamnagar, was killed in action on the 24th instant in the recent offensive in France.

The Hon. Mr. G. F. Keatinge, Director of Agriculture and of Co-operative Societies, Bombay Presidency, is granted privilege leave for one month from 1st October, 1917, or the subsequent date from which he can avail himself of it.

Dr. Harold H. Mann will act as Director of Agriculture and of Co-operative Societies. Mr. J. B. Knight, M.Sc., will hold charge as Principal, Agricultural College, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. L. Robertson, C.S.I., I.C.S., Secretary to Government, Political, Judicial and Special Departments, is granted privilege leave from the 6th October to the 12th November, 1917, with permission to affix to his leave the Divali holidays from the 13th to 15th November, 1917.

MRS. BESANT PERMITTED TO ENTER C. P.

RESTRICTIONS REMOVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 27.

A Bombay telegram to "New India" says, that Mr. Jamnadas Dwarakadas has got information that the order restricting Mrs. Besant from entering the Central Provinces and Berar has been cancelled.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM POONA PUBLIC.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Sept. 27.

A largely attended meeting was held here last night at the Kirloskar Theatre under the presidency of Mr. Tilak to congratulate Mrs. Besant and Messrs. Arundale and Wadia on their release. Besides the congratulatory resolution, a resolution demanding the release of Messrs. Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali and other political prisoners and recording satisfaction at the success of constitutional agitation was adopted. Several speakers, among whom were Messrs. Kelkar, Gokhale and Ghaswalla, took part in the meeting.

"OUR DAY."

LADY MESTON'S APPEAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 26.

Lady Meston has issued an appeal to the prominent members of the English and Indian communities in the United Provinces in connection with the celebration of "Our Day" on 12th December and asking for money and not gifts in kind and making various suggestions for local schemes. A Provincial executive committee is also being formed with Sir James Meston as chairman and Mr. Gwynne as secretary for general organisation and direction of the movement.

THE FEAST OF SACRIFICE.

It has been well said that the festivals of a nation, when properly studied, go a long way towards giving the outsider an insight into its inner life and thought. They serve, moreover, to give a picturesqueness to religion and to religious faith which imparts the distinctive note to the various phases of religious thought and emotion. To-day is a day of rejoicing throughout the Islamic World. In Turkey, Egypt, Arabia, Persia, Afghanistan, India, China, and all the other strongholds of Islam no less than in such places as London and New York, where the Islamic persuasion has comparatively recently begun to hold sway, it will be observed as a feast-day by the entire mass of the Faithful, and enjoyed accordingly.

"Id-ul-Zuha"—"The Feast of Sacrifice," or "Id-ul-Kabir," the great festival, as it is also called in contradistinction to the 'Id-ul-Fitr" which is called the "Id-ul-Saghir" or the minor festival—is celebrated on the 10th day of the Arabic month of Zul-Hijah, and forms part of the rites of the famous 'Haj' or pilgrimage to Mecca, which comes off on the 9th of the month. Apart, however, from its connection with the 'Haj,' it is observed as a great festival and a day of sacrifice throughout the Muslem World.

THE ORIGIN OF THE FEAST.

The sacrifice is held by Mahomedans to have been instituted in commemoration of Abraham's willingness to offer up his son as a sacrifice and it is generally maintained by Mahomedan writers that "the son was Ismail and not Isaac, and that the scene took place at Mount Mina near Mecca, and not in the land of Moriah, as is stated in Genesis." The story which finds universal acceptance among the Mahomedans is thus related in *Qisas-ul-Ambiya*:

"When Ibrahim (the peace of God be upon him) founded Mecca, the Lord desired him to prepare a feast for Him. Upon Ibrahim (the friend of God,) requesting to know what He would have on the occasion, the Lord replied, "Offer up thy son Ismail." Agreeably to God's command he took Ismail to the "Kaaba" to sacrifice him, and having laid him down, he made several ineffectual strokes on his throat with a knife, on which Ismail observed, "your eyes being uncovered, it is through pity and compassion for me you allow the knife to miss: It would be better if you blindfolded yourself with the end of your turban and then sacrificed me." Ibrahim acted upon his son's suggestion, and having repeated the words "Bismillahi Allah-u-Akbar" (i.e., in the name of God! God is great!) he drew the knife across his son's neck. In the meanwhile, however, Gabriel has substituted a broad-tailed sheep for the youth Ismail, and Ibrahim unfolding his eyes observed to his surprise, the sheep slain, and his son standing behind him."

PRAYERS AND SACRIFICE.

From early morning until 10 o'clock or later, groups of Moslems clad in their smartest and best, may be observed wending their way to the numerous mosques or "Idghas" in the town. The glorious brotherhood which Islam inculcates and has established among its followers is, perhaps, never so markedly brought out as on this and similar occasions. In the 'House of God,' as the mosque is poetically called, the barriers of place are set aside and the restrictions of rank rigorously banished. The poorest of the Faithful and the richest, the most destitute and the most affluent, the prince and the peasant meet—not in theory but actually—on the common platform of the Musjid to offer their devotions to the Creator, "the most Merciful and the most Compassionate." The whole congregation in the usual order offer up two "rakahs" of prayer led by the Imam. The prayers over, the Imam or leader ascends the "Mimber" or pulpit, and delivers a "Khutbah" or oration taking for his text the subjects of the festival. The "Khutbah" being ended the faithful congratulate and embrace each other and return to their homes. The sacrifice in the name of God has been declared by the Prophet to be an act of great merit. It is incumbent on every person who can afford it to observe the rite either for himself or in shares with others. The person making sacrifice may not consume all of it himself, and it is "Sunnah" (a matter prescribed by the practice or precept of the Prophet) to divide it into three portions, one-third being given to relations and acquaintances, one-third in charity to the poor, and the remaining third being reserved for the family.

BEHIND THE PURDAH.

It has already been observed that besides being a religious feast, the Bakr-id is also a great festival, and as such is observed as a day of rejoicing and merriment by the entire mass of the Faithful. As may be imagined the occasion is made the most of by the gentle sex in whose monotonous existence within the "zenana" the festival marks an eventful day. Mrs. Meer Hasan Ali, a cultured English lady, whose "Observations on the Mussalmans of India" was first published in 1832 under Royal auspices, gives the following description in her book which is still true of many a Moslem home all over India: "The assemblies of the ladies on this festival are marked by all the amusements they can possibly invent or enjoy in their secluded state. Some receiving, others paying visits in covered conveyances; all doing honour to the day by wearing their best jewellery and most splendid dress. The zenana rings with festive songs and loud music, the cheerful meeting of friends, the distribution of presents to dependants, and remembrances to the poor; all is life and joy, cheerful bustle and amusment, on this happy day of festival, when the good lady of the mansion sits in state to receive presents from inferiors and tokens proofs of her favour to others." need hardly be said that for the children too the festival marks a gala day to be given up entirely and unreservedly to boisterous merriment, which does not by any means exclude due attention being paid to the wants of the inner man!

H.

VIGOROUS BRITISH PUSH IN FLANDERS.

BATTLE BOILING UP EAST OF YPRES.

HEAVY GERMAN ATTACKS REPULSED.

BRAVERY OF ANZACS AND HIGHLANDERS

BITTER FIGHTING IN PROGRESS.

BRILLIANT INFANTRY CHARGE AFTER BARRAGE.

SUCCESSFUL BOMBING RAIDS.

OVER A THOUSAND PRISONERS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 8 a.m., Sept. 27.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters wires:—This morning the British Army in Flanders again pushed the Germans back from the big ridge system east of Ypres. Although an attack was planned for the dawn and carried out as arranged, the battle may be said to have boiled up again yesterday in consequence of heavy German attacks.

The first of these developed shortly after daylight when the ground was still shrouded in dense mist. It came on in strength and pressed back our line to Lone House, the enemy reoccupying the Carlisle Farm. The result was a considerable bulge in our front just north of the Menin road.

TEMPORARY GERMAN GAINS.

At about eleven o'clock the Germans attacked the Australians with great weight and for a while there was very heavy fighting in the neighbourhood of the Polygon Wood with the result that the Germans penetrated our positions in some local spots. During the first of these attacks some Highlanders most gallantly rushed into the dent in our line and checked the German onslaught. The Anzacs fought with the greatest determination and enemy's slight temporary gains in their territory cost him dear.

At about two yesterday afternoon the British and the Australians counter-attacked so vigorously that the Germans were very shortly driven out except on a short length of our front.

ENEMY'S DESPERATION.

This was the situation on the eve of this morning's offensive. The German efforts yesterday clearly proved that the enemy was determined to fight desperately to try to check our advance. He has been bringing up many fresh troops since Thursday last. We know that these have suffered very heavily under the fire of our batteries regulated by our aircraft.

AIR-RAIDS ON ENEMY POSITIONS.

British squadrons last night flew over the German reserves and by the light of flares dropped hundreds of bombs on the troops who had bivouacked or were moving up. Our airmen also co-operated with the gunners who plastered the whole back area with gas-shells, shrapnel and high explosive.

THE FIRST ADVANCE ATTAINS THE GOAL.

The tactics employed in this morning's operation were precisely similar to those which were so successful on Thursday last. At six o'clock the first wave of infantry followed the barrage towards the German positions. I do not yet know which were the flanks of attack, but I believe that it has a front of not less than that of Thursday's battle, of which indeed it is practically a continuation. The first stage of the advance appears to have attained the goal with comparative ease in the left centre and on the right, but met with strong resistance elsewhere.

Bitter fighting is reported to be in progress in the neighbourhood of the Tower Hamlets on the ridge beyond the Black Watch corner and about the Butte of Polygon. The Anzacs are said to have taken a considerable number of prisoners in the course of their first advance. The visibility is low and is restricting the work of airmen.

THE FLANDERS CAMPAIGN.

BRITISH ADVANCE OF THREE-QUARTERS OF A MILE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Sept. 27.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters says:—The Flanders campaign has continued with strategic idea and tactical methods which show consummate skill with which the teachings of the war have been applied. On Thursday last we bit into the great Flanders ridge system to a depth of 1,500 yards. To-day we have gone on to a scarcely less degree. The resistance has been very bitter and despite the commonness of phrase I honestly believe that the fight which developed at daylight this morning will prove the hardest of the war. The latest news is of the best. We have advanced three-quarters of a mile across a ground of utmost tactical value No counter-attacks have yet been delivered though we are prepared for them. Our aggregate casualties will probably be low in proportion to the gains.

SUCCESSFUL BOMBING RAIDS BY BRITISH.

RECORD HAVOC ON ENEMY AIRCRAFT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Sept. 27.

Field-Marshal Haig in a communiqué regarding aviation says:—Our aeroplanes were extremely active yesterday. Successful raids were made on the aerodrome and the railway sidings near Ghent, where a large fire was started and also on the aerodromes at Courtrai and Cambrai and on the billets east of Lens and the hutments south-west of Roulers, a total of five tons of bombs being dropped. A further five tons were dropped and many thousand rounds of machine-gun ammunition fired at night at Menin and Wervicq on troops and transport on roads leading thence to the battle-front. Much fighting occurred. A record number of hostile machines were accounted for. Seventeen were brought down and six driven down and a three-seater bombing machine was shot down. One of our machines is missing.

FIERCE FIGHTING SOUTH OF YPRES-MENIN ROAD

ALL OBJECTIVES GAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 3 p.m., Sept. 27.

Field-Marshal Haig's communiqué to-night says:—

The attack this morning on a six mile front from the south of the Tower Hamlets to the east of St. Julien was entirely successful. The enemy later delivered a series of heavy counter-attacks along the new front and hard fighting is continuing at certain points.

The attack carried out by the English troops southward of the Ypres-Menin road successfully completed the capture of the Tower Hamlets spur and gained possession of the strong fieldworks on its eastern slopes forming our objectives. We repulsed a powerful counter-attack from Gheluvelt. We met with obstinate resistance on the right of our main attack northward of the Ypres-Menin road and heavy fighting occurred in the area over which the enemy counter-attacked yesterday.

POLYGON WOOD CLEARED.

After severe struggle lasting throughout the day the English and the Scottish battalions ejected the enemy from the positions and accomplished their allotted task securing the flank of our principal attack. We relieved two companies of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, who had held out with great gallantry through the night in a forward position in which they were isolated. The enemy later developed another counter-attack in great strength in this sector where fierce fighting continues. The Australians further north cleared the remainder of the Polygon Wood and captured a trench system to the east forming their day's objectives.

ZONNEBEKE STORMED.

On the Australian left the English, Scottish and Welsh battalions penetrating the defences to nearly a mile in depth stormed Zonnebeke and gained their objectives. A counter-attack eastward of the Polygon Wood was repulsed. The north Midland and the London Territorials attacking on

(Continued on page 8.)

ARTILLERY STRUGGLE ON FRENCH FRONT.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES.

121 PRISONERS TAKEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7.30 a.m., Sept. 27.

This afternoon's French communiqué reports intense artillery struggle between Beaumont and Bezonvaux on the right of the Meuse. Prisoners confirm that the enemy lost heavily in fruitless attacks north of the Chaume Wood on the 24th instant. We then took 121 prisoners.

MARKED ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON AISNE FRONT.

ALSO ON RIGHT BANK OF MEUSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

Last night's French communiqué reported marked artillery activity on both sides at various points on the Aisne front and on the right bank of the Meuse.

FAMOUS FRENCH AVIATOR'S END.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

Captain Guynemer went off in the morning on the 11th instant on an expedition. He soon encountered a whole squadron of chasing aeroplanes. He might have avoided the combat but straightway dived into the the enemy and shot down two. Subsequently he was overwhelmed by numbers and fell into the sea.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE CONFERS WITH FRENCH PREMIER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

The Press Bureau says that Mr. Lloyd George proceeded to France on Monday accompanied by Sir William Robertson. He conferred with M. Painleve on Tuesday and visited Field-Marshal Haig at the British Headquarters. He returned to London this evening.

ANGLO-FRENCH INVITATION TO U. S. CONGRESS.

AMERICA'S ACTION DEFERRED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

A joint meeting of the Foreign Relations Committees of the Congress have deferred action regarding the Anglo-French invitation that a deputation from the Congress should visit Europe. The decision followed the message from Dr. Wilson stating that the visit in his opinion would be inopportune at present.

President Wilson is also opposed to the acceptance of the invitation by the British House of Commons that Congressmen should visit the Western front and the French invitation that the Congress should be represented at the inter-allied parliament.

Dr. Wilson does not wish to give the impression that the United States is bound by alliance to the Entente.

HUGE SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMME IN U. S.

9,200,000 TONS TO BE COMPLETED IN 12 MONTHS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Sept. 27.

It is officially announced that the shipbuilding programme provides for the completion of 1,600 merchantmen aggregating 9,200,000 tons practically within twelve months.

AMERICAN SHIPS FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE.

At present 458 American ships of 2,871,000 tonnage are available for overseas service. The Emergency Fleet Corporation has commandeered 400 steel ships of 2½ million tonnage and has contracted for 636 ships of 3,124,000 tonnage. Several of the commandeered ships are already carrying cargo and ships contracted for are being built. The first will be launched in two months. The Shipping Board further proposes to construct several additional millions of tons of ships for which the Congress will be asked to vote a billion dollars.

TWO GERMAN SEAPLANES FELLED.

BROUGHT IN AT FLUSHING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

FLUSHING, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7.30 a.m., Sept. 27.

Two German seaplanes, one being of a large new type were brought in here yesterday. One out of the four occupants was severely wounded.

HOW GERMAN SEAPLANES WERE CAPTURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

FLUSHING, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

One of the German seaplanes brought in here flying very low was shot down by a Dutch torpedo boat after refusing to surrender. The other descended at Cadzand where the occupants have been interned.

MR. ASQUITH ON PEACE-TALK.

NO MORE RELIANCE ON PAPER PACTS

BRITISH IDEAL OF WORLD-WIDE POLITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Sept. 27.

Mr. Asquith speaking at a War Aims meeting at Leeds, emphasised that with negligible exceptions we had presented an unbroken front and unshakeable resolve for three years. We did not require a repetition of the righteousness of our cause to sustain that resolve, but it was useful to repeat to others that the peace for which we were fighting, could not be found in the cessation of hostilities followed by territorial bargaining ultimately embodied in paper pacts and there left to the mercy of chance. Still less could we look at a peace worthy of the name in any arrangement imposed by the victor on the vanquished which ignored the principles of right and defied historic traditions and aspirations. The liberties of peoples were affected and such so-called treaties simply provided a fertile breeding ground for future wars. For example, the treaty of 1871, to which single act of international spoliation the large share of calamities now devastating the world could be traced.

The German reply to the Pope teemed with nebulous, unctuous generalities, but there was no indication that Germany would not repeat the crime of 1871 and take steps for a lasting peace. Was she ready to restore Alsace-Lorraine and Belgium to full independence without reservations and with as complete a material compensation as possible for the devastation of the country and the sufferings of the people? A definite reply to these enquiries could be given in a couple of sentences worth a whole column of pious platitudes.

SHATTERED DREAMS OF GERMAN HEGEMONY.

Mr. Asquith reiterated that we did not aim at the annihilation or degradation Germany or the German people. It was true that the manner in which the war had been engineered, and still more the brutal cruelty with which it had been carried on, must long affect the world's estimate of German character. Nothing had caused more consternation to the world than the German opinion and the fervent applause of barbarous transgressions of its government. It showed from what unmeasured perils and from what a set-back to civilisation mankind had been delivered now that the Allies had for ever shattered the dreams of a German hegemony. Prussian militarism was our objective. We had no other wish for German democracy than that after shaking off this soul-destroying incubus it should learn the lessons and enjoy fully the blessing of freedom. On the positive side, our first aim was not restoration of *status quo* but the establishment of an international system under which nations, great and small, should be ensured a stable foundation for independent development. He assumed, as a matter of course, the evacuation of occupied territories in France and Russia. He had already referred to Alsace and Belgium.

A WORLD-WIDE CONFEDERATION OF NATIONS.

Mr. Asquith said "Wherever we turned in Central Europe we saw artificial territorial arrangements offending the populations concerned and which had been, and must remain as along as they continued, seed-plots of unrest and potential war." He referred to the claims of Italy, Roumania, Serbia, Poland, Greece and Southern Slavs and said there must be permanent liquidation of these dangerous accounts, on the lines of racial affinity, historic tradition and aspirations of inhabitants. Our ideal was the creation of a world-wide polity, uniting peoples in a confederation, of which justice would be the base and liberty the corner-stone. The limitation of armaments and international arbitration would be milestones on the road leading to its attainment. (Cheers.)

"WE MUST KEEP OUR POWDER DRY."

Mr. Asquith concluded, "Meanwhile until the issue is finally decided, and decision in my judgment cannot long be delayed, we must keep our powder dry. Thank God, there is nowhere any sign of relaxation of our will or resources. Our gallant army under its indomitable chief is pushing a new offensive in Flanders with cool precision and burning courage with deadly effect. Our sailors, munition workers, captains of industry and finance and thousands and millions of men and women of every degree are sustaining national effort and are living witnesses of inspiring power of a great cause and architects and builders of the Temple of Victory; France and Italy are loyal to the core and are reaping fresh laurels at Verdun and on the Isonzo; Russia amidst domestic troubles and distractions repudiates and disdains the insulting offer of a separate peace; America with her illimitable reserves and moral and material strength throws the mighty sword of the New World into the scale, notwithstanding the cloud hovering over our banners, with the knowledge that blood and treasure spilt during three years were given for no selfish or worldly cause, and with the certainty that in the victory of the Allies lies the only hope of world for

(Continued on page 8.)

GEN. SUKHOMLINOFF FOUND GUILTY.

SENTENCED TO HARD LABOUR FOR LIFE.

WIFE ACQUITTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 26.
Recd. 9 a.m., Sept. 27.

General Sukhomlinoff, former Minister of War, has been found guilty of high treason and sentenced to hard labour for life. His wife was acquitted.

GENERAL KORNILOFF'S REVOLT.

DUE TO A MISUNDERSTANDING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7.30 a.m., Sept. 27.

General Savinkoff, formerly Minister of War, writing in the "Bourse Gazette" explains that General Korniloff's revolt was due to a misunderstanding. After General Savinkoff had obtained M. Kerensky's consent to General Korniloff's reforms and General Korniloff had agreed to M. Kerensky's request to send the cavalry corps to Petrograd in view of the possibility of the Maximalist disorders, M. Lvoff, ex-Procurator of the Holy Synod, informed General Korniloff that M. Kerensky was willing to form a Directorate of which M. Kerensky Generals Korniloff and Savinkoff should be the principal members and General Korniloff agreed to this.

DEMAND FOR DICTATORSHIP.

M. Lvoff afterwards handed to M. Kerensky an ultimatum written by himself but purporting to come from General Korniloff demanding for General Korniloff the dictatorship. M. Kerensky inquired by telegraph from General Korniloff:—"Do you subscribe to the words of Lvoff on your behalf?" General Korniloff ignorant of M. Lvoff's ultimatum replied affirmatively upon which he was relieved of his command and revolted

GEN. KORNILOFF AND OTHERS.

REMOVED TO BYKHOV PENDING TRIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

General Korniloff and generals associated with him have been removed to Bykhov in Mohilev province, pending trial.

RUSSIAN STAND ON SERETH

NAVAL SITUATION ON COURLAND COAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Sept. 27.

A wireless Russian official communiqué says:—The enemy penetrated our trenches south-westward of Gory on the Sereth. A counter-attack restored the position.

German aerial forces and submarines are endeavouring to prevent our vessels from approaching the Courland coast and our torpedo-boats, submarines and aerial forces near the Courland coast and the Irbe Channel are preventing the enemy from entering our waters.

GENLS. TCHEREMISSOF AND VOLESTCHENKO.

POSTED TO N. AND S. W. FRONTS RESPECTIVELY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PETROGRAD, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

General Tcheremissof has been appointed to the command of the northern front and General Volestchenkos to the south-western front.

RUSSIANS CLIMBING THE SLOPE.

M KERENSKY'S FAITH IN FINAL VICTORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

In an interview published in the "Figaro," M. Kerensky declared that Russia was beginning again to climb the slope and would reach the top. He emphasised that over half the forces of the Central Powers were on the Russian front., Russia had to bear a tremendous enemy effort, but she had pulled herself together and would do her utmost to attain victory. Russia would never make a separate peace.

RUSSIAN MORAL IMPROVING.

General Terestchenko affirmed that the Russian moral was improving. The war had become national and there would be great results from that.

SUBMARINE SINKINGS

BRITISH SHIPPING RETURNS.

RECORD OF LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.
Recd. 9 a.m., Sept. 27.

The Admiralty says:—During the week 2,775 merchantmen arrived at ports in the United Kingdom and 2,691 left. Thirteen vessels over sixteen hundred tons and two under were sunk and ten were unsuccessfully attacked. Two fishing-vessels were sunk.

RECORD OF LOSSES.

The following table shows the losses for each week since the returns were issued.

Week ended	Arrivals.	Sailings.	SUNK. Over 1,600 tons.	SUNK. Under 1,600 tons.	Fishing vessels.	Unsuccessfully attacked.
Feb. 25	2280	2281	15	6	5	12
Mar. 4	2522	2477	14	6	3	15
" 11	1985	1959	15	3	2	15
" 18	2323	2334	18	7	3	14
" 25	2314	2433	12	7	1	17
Apl. 1	2291	2399	18	12	2	17
" 8	2406	2367	17	7	2	14
" 13	2379	2331	19	7	2	21
" 22	2366	2021	40	15	3	23
" 29	2716	2680	24	13	2	24
May 6	2374	2499	24	12	2	20
" 13	2569	2552	18	6	2	20
" 20	2864	2753	15	2	2	17
" 27	2719	2703	15	2	2	17
June 3	2903	2942	15	2	2	17
" 10	2767	2822	22	10	2	21
" 17	2907	2903	22	5	2	21
" 24	2876	2923	11	5	2	21
July 4	2745	2946	15	4	2	19
" 11	2888	2788	14	4	2	17
" 18	2822	1960	14	4	2	17
" 25	2691	2791	21	4	2	17
Aug. 1	2767	2776	12	4	2	17
" 8	2873	2796	21	8	2	13
" 15	2776	2866	14	2	2	13
" 22	2838	2764	15	3	2	15
" 29	2620	2680	15	5	0	9
Sept. 5	2384	2432	20	3	0	9
" 12	2744	2868	12	15	4	12
" 19	2695	2737	8	11	1	5
" 26	2795	2691	13	2	2	10

ITALIAN SHIPPING RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

During the week ended September 22nd 540 vessels arrived at Italian ports and 470 sailed, one steamer above 1,600 tons and six small sailing ships were sunk. One steamer and one sailingship were damaged but reached port. One sailing ship was attacked but escaped.

AIR-RAID ON ENGLAND.

SEVEN KILLED AND 25 INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 9 a.m., Sept. 27.

A British official communiqué says that in last night's air-raid the casualties were seven killed and twenty-five injured.

SPANISH MINISTER IN BELGIUM RECALLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MADRID, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

The Spanish Minister in Belgium has been recalled.

REORGANISATION OF LABOUR PARTY.

TO TAKE FULLEST ADVANTAGE OF REPRESENTATION BILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

The National executive of the Labour Party has appointed a committee to prepare a scheme of reorganisation of the Party enabling Labour to take the fullest advantage of the Representation Bill.

There will be a meeting of bankers in the city to-day attended by Mr. Lloyd George for the purpose of explaining the Government's intentions regarding the new short term bonds in substitution for exchequer bonds.

NEW UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE FOR COLONIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 9 a.m., Sept. 27.

The Press Bureau states that Commoner Hewins has been appointed Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies.

WOOL MERCHANT'S SUICIDE.

MANY PEOPLE RUINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

A wool merchant Lunditrom has committed suicide. He lost eighteen hundred thousand sterling by speculation. Many others are ruined.

FLOOD AT TIENTSIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PEKING, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

The concessions at Tientsin are flooded and walls have been built round the godowns with a view to saving the merchandise.

VIGOROUS BRITISH PUSH IN FLANDERS.

(Continued from page 7).

the left on both sides of the Wieltje-Gravenstafel and St. Julien-Gravenstafel roads captured their objectives and beat off the counter-attack. Our line here was advanced to a depth of half a mile across the country defended by many fortified farms and concreted redoubts.

The enemy in the afternoon delivered a second counter-attack with larger forces and pressed us back a short distance on a narrow front. Our counter-attack recaptured a bulk of the lost ground. Over a thousand prisoners have been taken and numbers of the enemy dead are on the ground. The enemy's losses have again been heavy.

CAPTURE OF FLANDERS RIDGE SYSTEM.

ADMIRABLE EXECUTION OF NEW TACTICAL METHODS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 3-15 p.m., Sept 27.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters wires to-day:—The Flanders campaign has been continued in a manner which one cannot but regard with admiration and satisfaction. Both the strategic idea and the tactical methods show the consummate skill with which all the teachings of war have been applied. In the early days of this great struggle we learned much from the Germans. To-day, it is the simple truth to say that they are learning much from us.

On Thursday last we bit into the great Flanders ridge system to a depth of 1,500 yards. To-day we have gone on to a scarcely less degree. The great defeat, which the German wireless concludes the British have suffered, flourishes well. May we be utterly crushed on the same terms Doubtless we shall be anon.

HURRIED GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS.

Fighting throughout to-day's battle has been severe and frequently of a desperate character. Prisoners state that the attack was unexpected, but the preparations of the enemy do not bear this out. On Thursday last our success threw the enemy into such a state of alarm that he seems to have been hurriedly "milking" his divisions north and south of the battle-front for reinforcements and throwing these into the furnace as fast as he could rush them up. Since then von Arnim has stiffened his resistance to the full extent of his resources.

HARDEST BATTLE OF WAR

It has become almost a habit to speak of every fresh battle as the hardest of the war, but I honestly believe it will prove literally true to apply this description to the fight which developed at daylight this morning. Therefore, it speaks volumes for the skill of leadership and gallantry of the troops that we have achieved another such fine success in the teeth of such bitter opposition.

GERMANS GLAD TO SURRENDER.

The battle began with the German attack yesterday. In the north to-day's operations went with almost faultless precision, possibly due to the circumstance that the opposition was much less determined than further south. Indeed, a number of Saxons surrendered gratuitously to our men, declaring that they were sick of the war and glad to be finished with the beastly business and that there were others only awaiting a similar chance to surrender.

THE CENTRE ATTACK DESCRIBED.

IRRESISTIBLE ANZAC PUSH AGAINST SEVEREST OPPOSITION.

In the centre, the attack also went successfully though there was some hard fighting. The Anzacs pressed forward in their usual irresistible way and early in the morning low-flying airmen reported them to be moving across the Polygon race-course. Before this their patrols had penetrated well into a further part of the Polygon Wood unopposed. Therefore they were tolerably sure of their ground. But it was south of the Anzac right that the severest opposition of the day was encountered. Troops here had borne the full brunt of a heavy German attack the previous morning and the Germans had shelled them very heavily. Nevertheless progress was made, but slowly in comparison with the Anzac push. This was early in the day and necessary steps were promptly taken to relieve the pressure at this spot and secure the uniformity of our advance.

AUSTRALIAN CAPTURES IN POLYGON WOOD.

The Australians took 300 prisoners in the dug-outs in the Polygon Wood in their first advance. The story of fighting is still somewhat obscure but the latest news is of the best. Although the situation in a part of the line which crosses the Ypres-Menin road is not yet quite clear there is good reason to believe that the dogged valour of our troops has largely overcome the Hun resistance here and that the advance has been carried well forward.

Elsewhere along a long front of attack we have gained our objectives. This means the extreme penetration of about three-quarters of a mile across a ground of utmost tactical value, densely scattered with camouflaged strong points held in exceptional strength in depth.

LOW PROPORTION OF OUR CASUALTIES.

The count of prisoners is incomplete. They will probably amount to four figures though in a fighting of this character the total of prisoners is no criterion of the measure of success. So far there are no tidings of the German counter-attacks although our troops are everywhere prepared to meet them. The ruins of Ypres have taken another long stride into the back area since this morning. Reports regarding our casualties vary. In some parts we have certainly suffered considerably, whilst in others we have reached the goal with almost ridiculously small losses. It is therefore reasonable to hope that the aggregate will show the low proportion of casualties as the price of the valuable results attained. Once again we have got on famously with the war in this vital theatre.

BATTLE BETWEEN LANGEMARCK AND HOLLEBEKE.

GERMAN ADMISSION OF BRITISH ADVANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

A wireless German official communiqué says:—The battle between Langemarck and Hollebeke continues. The enemy in places penetrated as far as one kilometre in depth in our fighting zone where desperate fighting is proceeding.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH AERIAL RAIDS

NAVAL FORCES BOMBARDING OSTEND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

The Admiralty says:—The naval aircraft dropped many bombs on the Sparappelhoek aerodrome at noon on Tuesday and several direct hits were reported. Our fighter patrols over the Fleet encountered six hostile seaplanes and drove down two.

Our naval forces bombarded the naval establishments at Ostend in the afternoon and secured several hits on the marine workshop.

EAST AFRICAN CAMPAIGN.

FIGHTING AT MTUA IN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-35 p.m., Sept. 27.

An East African official communiqué says:—Our mounted forces destroyed all the enemy food depots between the Moemkuru river and the Kilwaliwate road and are nearing Nangano, an important supply centre south-eastward of Liwale. We engaged the Germans at Mtua, south-westward of Lindi. Fighting is progressing.

We dispersed a company attempting to cross the Luwega river and inflicted severe losses.

BRITISH ATTACK IN EGYPT.

68 TURKS AND 2 GERMAN OFFICERS KILLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

An Egypt communiqué says the railway near Maan has been successfully attacked, the bridge destroyed and train derailed. Sixty-eight Turks and two German officers were killed and eight Turks taken prisoners.

RISING IN CHINA.

GARRISON OF LINLING DECLARES INDEPENDENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PEKING, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

The garrison of the strategic pass of Linling, south Hunan, has declared its independence at the instigation of the southern leaders with the object of gaining the control of Hunan from the northerners. The Kwnagsi troops are going to assist the rebels.

AUSTRALIAN PARLIAMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

The Bill authorising an additional tax on men who have not enlisted has passed the Committee Stage in the Senate. The amendment exempts bachelors over sixty with a gross income of under £100 yearly.

STRIKE IN SYDNEY FIZZLES OUT.

ORIGIN DUE TO INTRODUCTION OF CARD SYSTEM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 2-45 p.m., Sept. 27.

Reuter's Melbourne correspondent in a message, dated the 25th instant, wires:—Resenting the introduction of the card-system, the employees of the railway workshops in Sydney struck on August 2nd and other railway and tramway unions struck in sympathy, almost completely stopping services in New South Wales which later gradually improved. The Government, who adopted a very firm attitude, employed volunteer labour. Numerous unions in New South Wales and other states including coalminers, seamen, lumpers and carters struck, practically stopping shipping, refusing to handle the goods handled by voluntary labour. The strike has been a complete failure. After several weeks' idleness the railwaymen have returned to work under the card system, the Government promising inquiry at the end of three months into the working of the system. General resumption is expected and there is now a prospect of prolonged industrial peace.

MR. ASQUITH ON PEACE-TALK.

(Continued from page 7).

a solid fruitful peace. Let us with tranquil faith and unstinted devotion persevere too the end." (Cheers.)

AUSTRIA AND PEACE.

PREMIER SEIDLER'S STATEMENT IN LOWER HOUSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

A telegram from Vienna says the Lower House of the Reichsrath reassembled yesterday. Premier Seidler, outlining the policy, dealt with the urgency of social and economic matters, the necessity for constitutional settlement of relations with Hungary, the regulation of trade and political relations especially with Germany, and bringing about of the full realisation of the principle of equality of nationalities on the basis of autonomy while preserving the unity of the State. He declared that the basis of their foreign policy was loyalty to the Allies.

Referring to the Papal Note "with pleasure" he reaffirmed the belief in the possibility of agreements for reduction of armaments on the basis, amongst other things, of obligatory international arbitration. He declared that the readiness to come to an agreement with the enemies on these lines was serious and sincere and inspired by the consciousness of strength, but if their enemies did not take the proferred hand they would continue the defensive war to the utmost. A strong Austria in which all races were happy was the best guarantee of lasting peace. They were, therefore striving for reform of constitution and would resolutely condemn the view held by certain parties that the salvation of Austria could be hoped for from the enemies of Austria.

ARGENTINE AND GERMANY.

GOVERNMENT TO PROPOSE RUPTURE TO CHAMBER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MONTE VIDEO, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

It is stated that the Government prior to the end of the week will propose to the Chamber a rupture with Germany.

DEMONSTRATION IN FAVOUR OF RUPTURE.

BECOMING SERIOUS RAILWAY STRIKE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 26.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

Great demonstration in favour of a rupture with Germany has been arranged for to-day.

The railway strike is very serious. The strikers have refused the Government's proposal for arbitration. The strikers including women have been trying to hold up trains and received casualties at the hands of the troops.

PERU'S ULTIMATUM TO GERMANY.

SATISFACTION DEMANDED FOR SINKING LORTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LIMA, Sept. 27.
Recd. 8-15 p.m., Sept. 27.

The Peruvian Government has sent an ultimatum to Germany demanding satisfaction within a week for the sinking of the sailing ship, Lorton.

MR. MONTAGU IN AUDIENCE OF THE KING.

LUNCHES WITH THEIR MAJESTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 25.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Sept. 27.

Mr. Montagu was received in audience to-day and had luncheon with their Majesties at Buckingham Palace.

SIR D. HAIG'S NEXT BLOW.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Sept. 27.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables:—

Commentators agree that the battle on the Menin Road is finished, but opinions vary concerning the chances of its being followed by another stride forward. Some suggest that the British occupying, as they do, the higher ground may possibly be content to winter there. The ground before them is certainly very wet. Some views from the front suggest that Sir Douglas Haig's next blow may fall in a different sector.

LATEST CABLES

POSSIBILITY OF "NO TEA."

DISCUSSED IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 25.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

Papers are discussing the possibility of "no tea" replacing familiar "no sugar" placards in shops. It is pointed out that the supply of India tea marketed during the third week in September was abnormally low, being under two thousand packages compared with six thousand normally, while Ceylon supply was almost as low.

Inferior facilities for handling in the north make present landing at Liverpool instead of London a contributory cause of shortage.

TEA SALES IN CEYLON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

At Ceylon tea sales yesterday bidding was keen and maximum prices were generally obtained.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL MAXWELL KILLED.

ANOTHER SON OF MR. BONAR LAW MISSING

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

Brigadier-General F. A. Maxwell has been killed.

It is understood that another son of Mr. Bonar Law, an officer in the Flying Corps, is missing. One son is already a prisoner with the Turks.

GERMANY AND PEACE.

BARON KUHLMANN'S INTIMATION TO POPE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 26.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

Reports from Berne, which are often unreliable, say that Baron Kuhlmann has Verbally intimated to the Papal Nuncio at Munich that Germany is willing to consider peace on the basis of evacuation of Belgium, and even contributing to repairing war damages, but separation between Flanders and Walloon country must continue and Germany must be entitled to develop freely enterprise in Belgium, especially at Antwerp.

"A SUBTLE MANOEUVRE"

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

Germany's verbal Note on the subject of Belgium, mentioned above, has been much commented upon. It is regarded as a sop to the Pope but valueless as a basis for discussion with the Entente. It is a subtle manoeuvre intended to narrow the war issue to Belgium, which Germany now indicates she cannot hold.

NAVAL AIRCRAFT'S HIT.

SEVERAL TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

The Admiralty states that the naval aircraft dropped many tons of bombs on Tuesday night on Thorout, Lichtervelde and Cortemarck junctions and scored several direct hits on the lines. All returned.

FRENCH SHIPPING RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 27.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

995 ships arrived in French ports during the week and 1,010 left. Seven over sixteen hundred tons and five under were sunk.

CAPTURED GROUND RETAINED.

ALL ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 27.
Recd. 1-15 a.m., Sept. 28.

A British communiqué says, later accounts of the fighting yesterday afternoon and evening show that it was exceedingly severe. The enemy spared no effort to regain the important ground captured. The enemy made four separate counter-attacks in great strength on our new front from Tower Hamlets to St. Julien-Gravenstafel road. The struggle was most severe in the area southward of Polygon Wood where the English, Scottish, Welsh and Australian troops defeated repeated attempts to break into our positions. All enemy attacks were repulsed and his losses were extremely heavy. Later in the evening fighting died down leaving us in possession of the ground captured.

ANGLO-INDIAN HUE AND CRY.

VIRULENT ATTACKS ON INDIAN GOVERNMENT.

MRS. BESANT'S RELEASE DENOUNCED.

A SHAMEFUL CAPITULATION "TO FORCES OF DISORDER."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26.

An extraordinary general meeting of the members of the European Association was held this evening at the Dalhousie Institute with a view to consider the present Indian political situation. There were over a thousand members of the Association present and there was keen enthusiasm. Many were unable to enter the hall owing to the numbers present. During the last three or four days nearly 400 Europeans applied for admission to the Association and at a special meeting of the Council held during the day they were duly elected as members so that they might also attend the meeting in the afternoon in their capacity as members. Old residents who attended this evening's meeting say that since the memorable Town Hall meeting of 1883 in connection with the Illbert Bill agitation there was no meeting to compare with to-day's meeting in point of enthusiasm and strength of feeling of the European community in India. Heads of almost all commercial houses and banks in Calcutta were present. Sir Archy Birkmyre, President of the Association, presided and among those who took part in the meeting were besides the president such representative non-official Europeans as the Hon. Mr. Ironside, the Hon. Mr. Frank Carter, Sir Arthur Binning, of Rangoon, the Hon. Mr. W. A. Arden Wood, Mr. J. H. Wigget, Col. A. J. Pugh, Attorney, Mr. W. E. Crump and Mr. J. A. Jones of the "Statesman."

At the outset Mr. Alex Marsh, Secretary of the Asscciation, read the telegrams received from the various branch associations in the country in support of the objects of to-day's meeting. There were telegrams from Bombay, Madras, Behar, Assam, Valley, Surma Valley, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Monghyr, and Sind Branches. The non-official European community of Tippera, Chandpur, and Narayanganj had also sent telegrams sympathising with the objects of the meeting. The telegram of the Behar branch said that the serious troubles in Champaran were due to the political agitation of Indians among the uneducated ryots. The Madras branch telegraphed urging immediate establishment of a London branch. Other branches condemned the release of Mrs. Besant and strongly endorsed the views of Sir Michael O'Dwyer and Sir Hugh Bray.

ALARM AT PRESENT POLICY OF GOVERNMENT.

Sir Archy Birkmyre moved the following resolutions:—"This public meeting of members of the European Association which represents the vast majority of non-official Europeans in India while assuring H. M the King-Emperor, as represented by H. E. the Viceroy, of unswerving loyalty to his Majesty and his Government, respectfully desire to express the grave apprehension with which they regard the recent policy of his Majesty's Indian Government in dealing with political agitators and particularly in respect of Mrs. Besant and certain of her followers. The meeting further desires emphatically to protest against the ill-advised action of his Majesty's advisers in selecting the present time to consider far-reaching changes in the administration and government of the country without, there is reason to fear, due regard being paid to the vast interests of the great non-official European and Anglo-Indian communities or to the provision of adequate safeguards to such interests. It is further resolved that copies of this resolution be telegraphed to the Viceroy, Secretary of State for India, the Premier and to the press."

Sir Archy Birkmyre, in moving the resolution, said:—"A situation has arisen in India which calls for protest and action on the part of our community. We are confronted with the alarming fact that the Government is hauling down its colours before lawless political agitators and the time has come when as a community the British in India must insist on their view being heard in the cause of good government and protection of the vast interests which we have created in India. The release of Mrs. Besant is a weak surrender to the agitation which we regard with the gravest apprehension. The Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab is called upon to express regret. That again is an exhibition of weakness on the part of the Government, which we strongly condemn. These concessions to wild agitation appear to have been made in in some vague hope that they will encourage a sober atmosphere for the visit of Mr. Montagu. All they have done so far is to make the agitators more extravagant in their demands and more noisy in their threats."

"IMPOSSIBLE AND EXTRAVAGANT DEMANDS."

The speaker went on to say that they could no longer remain silent when they saw Government surrendering to agitation, lest judgment should go by default. Government was being threatened with passive resistance unless it yielded to impossible and extravagant demands. Mrs. Besant's writings had done much to raise racial bitterness and make sober consideration of any reforms impossible. Every Britisher in India deeply resented the proceedings subsequent to Sir Michael O'Dwyer's speech. Later, still in the Imperial Council the covenant to avoid questions of highly controversial character arising out of the Public Services Commission report had been broken, apparently with the approval of Government. They strongly supported the speech of Sir Hugh Bray.

In conclusion, the speaker asked, "Where is it going to end? What guarantee have we that when Mr. Montagu comes, a few months hence, he will not yield still further to this noisy clamour? Gentlemen, we in this country have had a painful experience of boons and we must be vigilant lest we be betrayed again, lest vital and far-reaching changes in the Government of this country are forced upon us in an unconstitutional way, without our interests being safeguarded or our opinions respected. We view the present weakness of Government with the greatest misgiving and we are resolved that so far as it is in our power to prevent it, nothing shall be done again to imperil the British character of our rule in India and the maintenance of peace and order."

"A SHAMEFUL CAPITULATION."

Mr. J. H. Wiggett in seconding, said the release of Mrs. Besant is a shameful capitulation to the forces of disorder and reaction which will inevitably be followed by grave and far-reaching consequences. After expressing thanks to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, Mr. Wiggett said: "If we abrogate or weaken our claim as British subjects, if with all our loyalty we allow ourselves to be shelved as an Indian sect, with a solitary representative in the Council, then we are lost, a derelict community, one of the depressed classes of India. We must be up and doing, else we shall presently find ourselves dependent on the Government of India for protection against unwise legislation or the administrative action of a Provincial Council largely dominated by the professional politicians of Bengal and we at least are under no delusions as to the form that the domination would take and as to the section into whose hands it would fall." Mr. Wiggett also said that they had no dispute, national or individual, with the people of Bengal apart from the Home Rule politician and by the latter they were termed exploiters and other hard names. The common people of Bengal distrusted the politicians and feared the result of the present clamour.

In supporting the resolution, Sir A. W. Binning said that they must fight the matter by every constitutional means.

Mr. J. A. Jones, who also supported the motion, said that the politicians represented a very small community and that an autonomous Provincial Council would be in the hands of landlords. Taxation will have to be levied from land or commerce, and he asked, which would such a Council choose?

Mr. W. A. Ironside, in further supporting the motion, appealed to the moderate men, European and Indian, to reform the Indian Government, which was too top heavy and too far away. The non-political Indians will find nothing but goodwill from Europeans.

REPRESENTATION TO VICEROY.

Mr. W. E. Crum moved the following resolution: "That the Council of the Association be instructed to prepare for submission to the Viceroy and the Secretary of State a representation from the European Association embodying views of the non-official European community on the subject of reforms connected with the governing of India and that the proposed representation be submitted as prepared through the branch councils to the general body of members for expressions of opinion and that opportunities for discussion be afforded to the members by holding of meetings of the central and branch associations, periodically, as may be found suitable.

Mr. Crum said, "I see in this meeting, full of enthusiasm, an opportunity not to be missed, of suggesting to you a means by which we may prepare our policy, which must be not only critical but constructive. Do not let this burst of enthusiasm wane. Sir Hugh Bray had said that we are ready to go forward hand in hand with our Indian fellow-subjects if they invite our co-operation and that co-operation will be forthcoming. But in the words of the telegram sent last week to the Secretary of State any scheme of reform can only receive fair and dispassionate treatment in an atmosphere of mutual sympathy and good will.

REFORM SCHEME.

Col. A. J. Pugh in seconding said:—"I have read the suggestion made by the late Mr. Gokhale, the proposals of the nineteen, and the feeler put forward by Lord Islington, and in none of these proposals do I find the interests, I have referred to, taken into account. They are barely mentioned, if not altogether ignored. Calcutta is the birth-place of the Empire, and it is right that her representatives should take the lead. We want a fair share in any future system of government. Look ahead and you will see that this is not a racial question. I venture to prophecy if the Council approaches the matter with a broad and open mind it will find that it will be supported by the best men of whatever community throughout the country."

The resolution was supported by the Hon. Mr. W. H. Arden Wood and the Hon. Mr. F. W. Carter and carried.

The meeting separated after a vote of thanks to the chair.

MESSRS MOHAMED ALI AND SHAUKAT ALI.

MOSLEMS UNCONVINCED BY OFFICIAL ALLEGATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Sept. 27.

The "Indian Daily Telegraph" says it is necessary either to discredit Mr. Mohamed Ali and his brother Mr. Shaukat Ali or to release them conditionally. Moslems feel that Mr. Mohamed Ali's presence is required for the formulation of reform proposals. It urges the publication of Government's evidence against the internees, as Sir William Vincent's reply will not convince the Moslems.

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CASUALTY LISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept, 8.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut A E Barrett. Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut D J Beavon, Gloucesters.
Major T L Bourdillon, Kings Royal Rifles.
Second-Lieut J H Byres, Royal Scots.
Lieut C E L Coghlan, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut C M Cook, Worcesters.
Captain C T Coyne, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut C G Crick, Cyclists.
Captain J L Derrick, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut G H Gibson, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut C F Hamilton Cox, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut R L Hancock, Worcesters.
Captain R L Hardy, Kings Royal Rifles.
Captain J W Holt, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut A Hooper, Londons.
Lieut D R F Jackson, West Ridings.
Second-Lieut J M Jones, Field Artillery.
Captain N E Lee, Kings Royal Rifles.
Lieut R C Lodge, Scots Fusiliers.
Lieut O D Marriott, West Ridings.
Captain W Norrish, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut F G Notton, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut J A J Nugent, Leinsters.
Lieut R G Phillips, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut M Pringle, Field Artillery.
Captain J Richards, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut H D Simpson, Kings Roya Rifles.
Second-Lieut C N J Spillings, Kings Roya Rifles.
Second-Lieut J S Thomas, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut C M Thompson, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut W E Turner, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut H F Waud, Durhams.
Second-Lieut L C Williams, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W W Wines, Rifle Brigade

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut L S Graham, Highland L I.
Second-Lieut H O Hackett, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut W Prince, York and Lancasters.
Captain W G Williams, Welsh Fusiliers.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut D Andrew, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut W E Arnold, West Kents.
Second-Lieut R T Baker, Field Artillery.
Captain F R J Bell, Welsh Regt.
Captain B H Bennett, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut W Bignell, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut F J Brennell, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut J A Brown, Northumberlands
Second-Lieut F W Browning, Welsh Regt.
Lieut A E Brunning, Machine Gun Corps
Second-Lieut A L Burke, West Yorkshires
Second-Lieut B Cairns, South Staffords.
Captain F H W Carnell, West Yorkshires
Captain P Carter, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut J H Clerk, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut P A Cleaver, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut P A Coates, Essex.
Second-Lieut R C S Cooper, Field Artillery
Lieut A V Coulson, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut H W Cull, North Staffords
Second-Lieut W J Denholt, Argyll an Sutherlands.
Captain C L Domville, Kings Royal Rifles
Second-Lieut F D England, Rifle Brigade.
Captain H L Evers, Worcesters.
Captain G H Ewing, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W H Fleeming, Oxford an Bucks.
Second-Lieut D G A Fox, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut O W Gillow, South Lancashires.
Second-Lieut T W Griffin, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut A J Gwynne, West Yorkshires
Major F P Hallifax, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut F H Hart, Manchesters.
Lieut N T Hartley, West Yorkshires.
Lieut J W Henderson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut W F Higgs Walker, Worcesters.
Captain C W Holcroft, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut G W Howarth, Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut C J Hull, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut A T Hunt, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut A O Jones, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut D C H Jones, Somersets.
Second-Lieut T B Jones, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut R W Jukes, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut A D Littlehales, Tank Corps
Captain R F C Medowall, Gloucesters.
Captain M S Megahey, Middlesex.
Captain F F Mckenna, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut T Marshall, York and Lancasters.
Second-Lieut H R Meacock, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut D J Mearns, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut A J Musgrove, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut H T Myhill, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut W A Nichols, Colostreams.
Second-Lieut G W Noall, Northumberlands
Lieut W R Papkin, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut J S Phillips Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut R Postill, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut D W Pratt, Londons.
Second-Lieut J Rae, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut D J Roberts, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut W Scott, West Ridings.
Lieut-Col. E C Slade, Gloucesters.
Captain J K Small, Medicals.
Second-Lieut G Speight, Yorkshires L I.
Captain J F Spencer, West Corkshires.
Brigadier-General D B Stewart.
Captain J S Strang, Black Watch.
Second-Lieut R C Stronner, Engineers.
Captain J F Spencer, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut D C Vining, Londons.
Lieut D C Vining, Londons.
Second-Lieut E R Wall, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut G O D Watson, Scottish Borderers.
Second-Lieut J H White, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut F Williams, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut K G Williams, Field Artillery
Captain T L Williams, Welsh Fusiliers.
Major N E Wood, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G W Wrack, Lincolns.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW WOUNDED

Second-Lieut W S T Cross, Londons.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut W Fyvie, Royal Scots.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut F W Andre, Middlesex.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut A Richards, Liverpools.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut W P Crosland, West Yorkshires.
Second-Lieut C A E Davis, Field Artillery
Captain A Empson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut T A Ferrill, West Yorkshires
Captain A F C Graves, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut J W Mowatt, Argyll an Sutherlands.
Second-Lieut W G Nove, East Kents.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW KILLED

Second-Lieut F C Westmacott, West Kents

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut B A Bingham, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut N B Dick, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut P H Iles, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut J J Malone, Dublins.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut P G Mosse, Warwicks.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW KILLED.

Lieut H D Blackburn, Berkshires.
Second-Lieut W G T Clifton, Oxford an Bucks.
Lieut W L Day, Border Regt.
Second-Lieut R R Emmens, Trenchmorat Battery.
Second-Lieut P G Harris, Welsh Fusiliers

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut W J S Cotton, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut M Fellows, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J S McHoul, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut G E Morgan, Welsh Regt.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut E F W Hair, Middlesex.
Captain L M Ormrod, Welsh Fusiliers.

DIED.

Major H F Hollins, Garrison Artillery.
Captain E S James, Field Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Captain J C Buchanan, West India Regt.
Rev. H J St. J Clarke, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut C V Cover, Machine Gu Corps.
Lieut G O Fairlie, Machine Gun Corps.
Lieut J H E Harris, Dublins.
Rev. H W Hutchings, Chaplain.
Second-Lieut H A Jones, Wiltshires.
Second-Lieut W J Palk, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut D Simpson, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut R W J Wallace, Field Artillery.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSING NOW WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut R F Hickey, Dublins.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Captain B C Clayton, West Yorkshires.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut J L Bamford, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J A P Bill, Irish Rifles.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING BELIEVED KILLED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER.

Second-Lieut V H Adams, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY PRISONERS NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONERS.

Second-Lieut L G Bacon, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J D Ferguson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut W Freeman, Essex.
Second-Lieut G H Henderson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J P Ivens, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut G S M Nathan, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut E de L W Robbuck, Lincolns
Second-Lieut J P Scott, Dublins.
Second-Lieut S G Whitaker, South Staffords.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED AND MISSIN NOW PRISONER.

Lieut W W I Gott, King's Royal Rifles.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONE IN HANDS OF BULGARIANS.

Captain J E A O'Dwyer, Sherwoods.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING NOW PRISONERS

Second-Lieut A D Bullock, Sussex.
Second-Lieut J Cherry, Border Regt.
Second-Lieut H Chevis, King's Royal Rifles
Captain G H Cock, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut J E Day, West Surreys.
Second-Lieut J C Griffith, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H Harris, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H M Lewis, Welsh Rect.
Second-Lieut R E Martin, Hampshires.
Lieut C G Mathew, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut G H Palmer, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut W W Strickland, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut T M Struges, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut T Trattles, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut G B Barre, Dublins.
Second-Lieut B M Riley, Garrison Artillery

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut G C Adie, Durhams.
Second-Lieut G E Austin, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut A P Baker, Highland Light Infantry.
Capt U H B Baxter, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut J E Beckingsale, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut W C Burgess, Somersets.
Second-Lieut E Byrne, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut F M Craston, East Lancs.
Second-Lieut F T Dew, Durhams.
Second-Lieut J Dickinson, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut A J Farrington, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut E S Hadley, Gloucesters.
Lieut F L Hall, Gloucesters.
Second-Lieut W S Hamlyn, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut G J St C Harries, Durhams.
Second-Lieut R N Horsley, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut R L Hyman, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut W A Imber, Warwicks.
Lieut J L Kelsall, Field Artillery.
Capt A J Leeming, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut B G Lodge, Durhams.
Second-Lieut R C Neilson, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieut E T Rines, Somersets.
Second-Lieut H V Taylor, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut E C Tootill, Durhams.
Second-Lieut H C Turner, Cornwalls.
Capt G R Wallace, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut H C F Yeo, Cornwalls.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW KILLED.

Capt G M Thurston, Seaforths.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Rev M Gordon, Chaplain.
Lieut H Hutchinson, West Yorks.
Second-Lieut W Mole, Durhams.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED NOW DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut K D Rees, Cheshires.

DIED.

Second-Lieut A J Hibbert, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J S Jones, Field Artillery.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut R J Agnew, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut D F Anderson, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut L P Arnold, Londons.
Second-Lieut G G Barnes, Somersete.
Second-Lieut F H Bennett, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut H B Bounphrey, Liverpools.
Capt W N Bushill, Warwicks.
Capt A H Butcher, Worcesters.
Capt R E Byrne, Field Artillery.
Capt F X S Carus, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G R Cole, Yorkshires.
Capt W H Cornelius, Medicals.
Second-Lieut W S Crawford, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut G S Dexter, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut S P Doresa, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut O Driver, Londons.
Lieut W L W Dryland, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut J Dunn, Welsh Fusiliers.
Capt P Eckel, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut W Eckersley, Warwicks.
Lieut J Elder, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut G L L Elliott, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R J Evans, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut W R H Faulder, Durhams.
Capt R W Gardiner, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut K M Grahame, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut J W Hardie, Highland Light Infantry.
Capt P K Hayworth, King's Royal Rifles.
Lieut B H Hill, Yeomanry.
Second-Lieut R K Inches, Engineers.
Second-Lieut R S Inglis, Field Artillery.
Lieut C B Jackson, Engineers.
Lieut S B Jenner, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut C F Johnson, Somersets.
Second-Lieut W E Johnston-Lavis, Service Corps.
Lieut A F Kidd, Tank Corps.
Second-Lieut W T O Last, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut H E T Lloyd, Londons.
Second-Lieut J Lucas, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut T McClean, Garrison Artillery.
Capt A W Matthew, Medicals.
Capt P M Miller, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut G F Minniken, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut S Monk, Durhame.
Major M M Morgan-Owen, Essex.
Second-Lieut J Osborne, Cornwalls.
Capt S W. Pepper, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut J T H Pettit, Somersets.
Second-Lieut J F Porter, Royal Scots.
Lieut J W Pybus, Liverpools.
Second-Lieut F S Raisin, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut H N Ries, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut R L Rolfe, Engineers.
Second-Lieut F R Rutherford, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut R C Scobey, Cornwalls.
Capt C B Scott, Cornwalls.
Lieut H D Smith, Durhams.
Capt J A Smith, Medicals.
Capt C W Spanton, Durhams.
Second-Lieut E Spencer, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut A K Standage, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut T Sterling, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut H Story, Durhams.
Second-Lieut B Tedman, Middlesex.
Capt R P Thomson, Worcesters.
Second-Lieut W G Watson, Cameronians.
Second-Lieut W J Webber, Labour Corps.
Second-Lieut L T Whitby, Cornwalls.
Second-Lieut S H Wilkes, Worcesters.
Lieut-Colonel F G Willock, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J R Winterbottom, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut H Wynn, Durhams.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut D Tanner, Sherwoods.
Second-Lieut R C Waitt, Suffolks.
Lieut-Colonel G S Williamson, Medicals.
Second-Lieut F G L Wosster, Yeomanry.

LONDON, Sept. 12.

KILLED.

Second-Lieut A B Copley, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut R T Evans, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain F S Higson, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut J A Humphreys, Field Artillery.
Captain F S Marr, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut S McK Milne, Scots Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F C Nasby, Northumberlands.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut G Y Fullalove, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut B Norris, Lancs Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut J B H Baker, Royal Fusiliers.
Captain O S Royal-Dawson, Oxford and Bucks.
Second-Lieut H D Sampson, Service Corps
Second-Lieut G E Sewell, East Kents.
Captain H F B Turner, Wiltshires.

WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut J W Allis, Lincolns.
Captain A L Anthony, Medicals.
Lieut H B Barclay, Field Artillery.
Major L C Bristow, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut L G Berrett, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut C Bullock, Field Artillery.
Captain T R Cairns, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A S Dennis, Garrison Artillery.
Captain N J H Gavit, Medicals.
Second-Lieut C E P Gray, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut G A Green, Lancs Fusiliers.
Captain W A Hanton, Engineers.
Second-Lieut W I Hatch, Engineers.
Captain R H Higham, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut D J Hutson, Cyclists.
Lieut R F Leather, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut R G Linscott, Service Corps.
Captain A W U Macrae, Royal Scots.
Lieut R Mahony, Field Artillery.
Lieut E Masters, Seaforths.
Second-Lieut F D Morphy, Irish Regt.
Second-Lieut C G G Nicholson, Horse Artillery.
Lieut T E S O'Brien, Garrison Artillery.
Second-Lieut C H Orchard, Lincolns.
Second-Lieut H F Poulson, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C E Pullinger, Rifle Corps.
Lieut H L Rowbotham, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut H N Rutledge, Irish Rifles.
Second-Lieut J A Sowerbutts, Londons.
Second-Lieut N L Tatham, Field Artillery.
Captain J S Taylor, Medicals.
Second-Lieut R H Thompson, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut H J Trigg, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut A D Trollope, Machine Gun Corps.
Second-Lieut A N Usher, Royal Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED, NOW MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Captain E H Bartley, West Yorks.
Lieut L J Swallow, North Staffords.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW MISSING BELIEVED DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut P A Hather, Northamptons.
Second-Lieut G H Smith, Northamptons.
Lieut G B Thomson, Northamptons.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut A E Hoslea, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut W E Rushbrooke, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieut E M Sant, Essex.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED, NOW NOT WOUNDED.

Second-Lieut J J Conlon, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut F A Major, Northamptons.

DIED.

Staff Nurse E Saxon, Territorial Nursing Service.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain A L F Gordon-Kidd, Flying Corps.

DIED.

Captain A McAllister, Engineers.

WOUNDED.

Captain T N Cross, Welsh Regt.
Second-Lieut F Franks, Lancs Fusiliers.
Captain C B Gorton, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut G H Gowland, Cheshires.
Second-Lieut G Harrison, York and Lancs.
Captain R W Hodgson-Jones, Medicals.
Second-Lieut T Irvine, Royal Scots.
Second-Lieut J Johnston, Engineers.
Second-Lieut C F Kenyon, Suffolks.
Second-Lieut H J McCarthy, Border Regt.
Lieut W G McConnell, Medicals.
Second-Lieut C F W Marsh, Cheshires.
Captain C F Musgrave, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J O Paterson, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J E Warner, Field Artillery.
Second-Lieut J E Woodham, Field Artillery.

MISSING.

Lieut D H Wright, Irish Fusiliers.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED MISSING, NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONER.

Second-Lieut H J Bradshaw, Norfolks.

PREVIOUSLY WOUNDED PRISONERS, NOW DIED OF WOUNDS AS PRISONERS.

Lieut J R Middleton, Flying Corps.
Captain N C Robertson, Hampshires.

PREVIOUSLY PRISONERS NOW WOUNDED PRISONERS.

Captain C J Lonergan, East Surreys.
Captain E Parfitt, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut R Woolcott, East Yorks.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW PRISONERS.

Lieut F R C Barrett, North Lancs.
Second-Lieut J Chapman, Highland L I.
Captain H G Davies, Lancasters.
Second-Lieut J F Henderson, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut R N W Jeff, Flying Corps.
Lieut M Moore, York and Lancs.
Second-Lieut L Read, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieut H G Tinney, Flying Corps.

PREVIOUSLY MISSING, NOW PRISONER.

Second-Lieut A B Jones, Liverpools.

OFFICIAL CORRECTION.

MISSING.

Captain R E Wilson, West Surreys, should read Second-Lieut R E Wilson.

NAVAL CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 21.

KILLED.

Lieut Henry N Lesly, R N.
Flight-Sub-Lieut Noel S Wright, R N.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Flight-Sub-Lieut Henry J L Botterell, R N.

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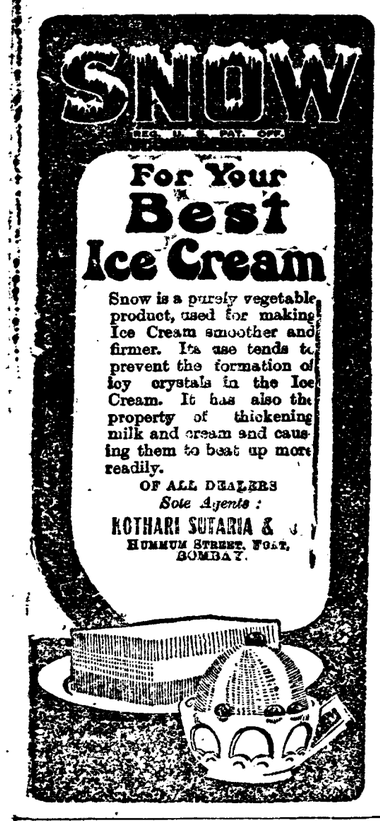
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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA. Sept. 27.

The weather is disturbed in the south-east of the Arabian Sea and south of the Bay. Rainfall has been nearly general in United Provinces. west coast of the Peninsula, Bombay Deccan, Madras Deccan, local in Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces, Hyderabad, and north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Burma and Assam. The chief amounts are:—Yamethin, Shillong, Meerut one and a half inches; Dehra Dun two; Mussooree four; Ahmednagar; Poona one and a half; Bijapur two.

Forecast:—No large change.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 27th Sept. 17.	Total since 1st June 1917	June 1st to Sept 27th. 1916	1915
	In. Ct	In. Ct	In. Ct.	In Ct
Colaba [Observatory]	0 01	74.31	80 39	70.43
Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] ..	0 00	86.88	86.48	73.17
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital]	0 04	85.34	4.7	68.43
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0 00	88 61	88.82	76.30
Kemp and Co., Cumballa Hill..	—	—	—	—

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 26th Sept. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 1 p.m., and 10 p.m. a.m., 2 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.697 Inch.
Temperature of Air	81.8 Deg
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.9 ,,
Dew Point	77.9 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.882 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	7.0 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	87.1 ,,
Minimum do.	76.8 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	ENE,WNW,NW.
Movement of Wind do do	158 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0 00 Inches.
Total fall during month	12.79 ,,
Do. do. year	76.83 ,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 27th Sept	0.01 ,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in.
	Sept					Sept				
Thur	27	m	8	10	26	4	27	m	1	20	18	0
Fri	28	m	8	20a	25	7	28	m	2	32a	18	9
			9	26a	27	0			3	17a	17	3
Sat.	29	m	9	50	28	1	29	m	3	22	16	10
			10	17a	28	4			3	59a	15	10
Sun.	30	m	10	32	28	8	30	m	4	13	16	5
	Oct.		11	4a	29	4	Oct.		4	39a	14	9
Mon.	1	m	11	12	28	11	1	m	5	0	16	3
			11	50a	29	11			5	18a	17	0
Tues	2	m	11	51	28	9	2	m	5	45	16	5
									5	57a	18	9
Wed.	3	m	0	55	29	11	3		6	20	17	0
			0	31a	28	8			6	36a	14	0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Sept.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
,, 27 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 32m
,, 28 (Friday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 31m
,, 29 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 30m.
,, 30 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 30m.
Oct. 1 (Monday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 28m.
,, 2 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 27m.
,, 3 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 27m.

Phases of the Moon:—

	d.	h.	m.
Last Quarter	8	0	35.2 p.m.
New Moon	16	3	57.5 p.m.
First Quarter	24	11	11.4 a.m.
Full Moon	1	2	1.1 a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 27th September 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Multan reports 0.80in. of rain. Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme eastern districts and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature continues in moderate defect.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Agra has had 0.29in. and Mainpuri 0.41in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature continues in defect except in lower Sind; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Deesa reports 0.93in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess.

The Central Provinces.—Jubbulpore reports 1.12in. of rain and Khandwa 0.90in. Skies are lightly clouded.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri has had 0.15in., Mormugao 1.53in. and Karwar 0.43in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the Bombay Deccan and local in north Hyderabad; Malegaon has had 0.67in., Ahmednagar 1.44in., Poona 1.34in., Sholapur 0.26in., Bijapur 2.15in., Belgaum 0.14in. and Aurangabad 0.45in. Skies are heavily clouded in the south Bombay Deccan and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere.

General Remarks.—Conditions remain slightly unsettled in the east Arabian sea. Rainfall has increased in the northern half of the Peninsula; it has been nearly general in Malabar, the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan and on the north Coromandel coast and local in the Madras Deccan, north Hyderabad and the United Provinces, while some showers have occurred in the Punjab, Gujarat and the Central Provinces.

Nearly general rain is likely in Malabar and local rain in the Konkan, the Deccan and on the north Madras coast and a few showers in the United and the Central Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on THURSDAY, the 27th of September, 1917.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade: Amount of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade: Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity: 8 A. M.	Rainfall: past 24 hours.	Rainfall: Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall: Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	86.5	74.7	53	..	..	..
Do. (26th Sept.) ..	91.9	78.1	87	..	..	—0.01
Jask	91.5	80.0	86	..	..	—0.06
Do. (26th Sept.) ..	95.5	82.9	76	..	..	—0.06
Muskat	94.8	83.7	73	..	..	—0.17
PUNJAB—						
Multan	93.2	73.0	80	0.80	18.13	+13.40
Rawalpindi ..	85.5	65.4	81	..	33.78	+16.44
Lahore	88.1	73.8	89	..	26.62	+11.58
Hissar	89.1	72.9	87	..	29.31	..
Ambala	85.7	71.3	89	..	39.94	+16.60
Delhi	87.7	75.2	93	0.01	28.24	+5.01
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	88.1	76.0	91	0.29	38.61	+14.79
Mainpuri	88.2	75.3	93	0.41	29.95	+7.23
Jhansi	87.8	75.6	93	..	42.19	+8.34
Cawnpore	86.2	75.7	91	..	45.34	+13.66
Allahabad	86.8	76.4	89	0.12	37.70	+4.07
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	94.7	77.6	61	..	10.28	+8.04
Karachi	85.0	75.4	84	..	4.00	—2.13
Ajmer	87.7	71.5	82	0.02	41.27	+22.53
Jalpore	85.6	72.0	76	0.01	45.11	+23.56
Kotah	89.2	75.3	79	..	49.23	+23.17
Mount Abu	74.8	66.4	82	..	11832	+60.21
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	91.6	73.7	80	..	21.17	+7.95
Dwarka	87.3	80.7	82	..	12.04	—0.18
Veraval	85.4	76.6	83	..	24.59	+7.57
Rajkot	89.2	72.6	83	0.03	27.64	+2.28
Bhavnagar Para ..	91.0	79.6	86	0.05	20.60	+1.37
Surat	92.7	75.9	76	..	37.46	—1.40
Ahmedabad ..	90.4	76.9	84	..	36.94	+8.20
Deesa	95.0	73.8	81	0.93	45.05	+21.22
Neemuch	88.7	71.7	84	..	51.45	+22.65
Indore	85.7	72.1	88	0.05	35.04	+5.24
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	81.9	73.5	87	1.12	54.97	+4.98
Saugor	87.0	72.4	86	..	50.35	+6.68
Hoshangabad ..	88.1	74.4	83	..	50.93	..
Khandwa	83.7	72.5	85	0.90	26.45	—0.29
Akola	91.1	74.3	79	..	23.87	—3.61
Amraoti	89.6	72.1	8	..	21.09	—7.41
Nagpur	85.6	73.1	90	0.04	44.49	+1.58
Chanda	89.9	76.4	79	..	47.31	+0.41
Raipur	87.5	76.4	80	..	58.87	+14.99
KONKAN—						
Bombay	87.1	77.5	9	0.01	74.31	+6.10
Ratnagiri	88.9	74.7	88	0.15	49.38	+4.60
Marmugao	84.3	74.2	95	1.53	88.21	+2.65
Karwar	84.1	74.1	95	0.45	11398	+3.37
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	87.7	69.4	88	0.67	8.08	—10.47
Ahmednagar	86.6	66.3	83	1.44	17.85	—0.35
Poona	87.7	69.3	89	1.34	14.84	—4.91
Sholapur	86.1	71.5	82	0.26	19.13	—2.97
Bijapur	88.1	69.4	91	2.15	19.93	+6.29
Belgaum	80.3	68.2	95	0.14	33.12	—4.29
Aurangabad	86.8	69.5	8	0.45	20.82	+5.26
Nizamabad (Indur) ..	85.6	72.7	8	—	22.95	+17 32
Hyderabad	87.5	74.2	7	..	22.16	—1.47
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	84.0	74.3	8	0.2	81573	+7.60
Calicut	86.0	74.1	97	0.3	72.34	—15.68
Cochin	88.7	74.7	87	0.9	72.84	+0.94
Colombo	84.3	74.9	90	0.1	20.03	—0.36
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	87.2	73.7	9	.7	40.18	+17.35
Bellary	84.6	71.7	9	.5	17.14	+7.13
Cuddapah	94.1	77.3	8	0.	5.05	—3.84
Madras	89.0	78.1	9	0.4	9.39	+3.97
Bangalore	82.1	66.7	9	..	21.39	+3.03
Coimbatore	91.9	72.5	7	..	9.29	—0.19
Trichinopoly	88.6	73.5	7	..	9.65	+3.57
Negapatam	93.9	74.9	7	..	9.24	—1.09

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 27th September, 1917, was 29.933 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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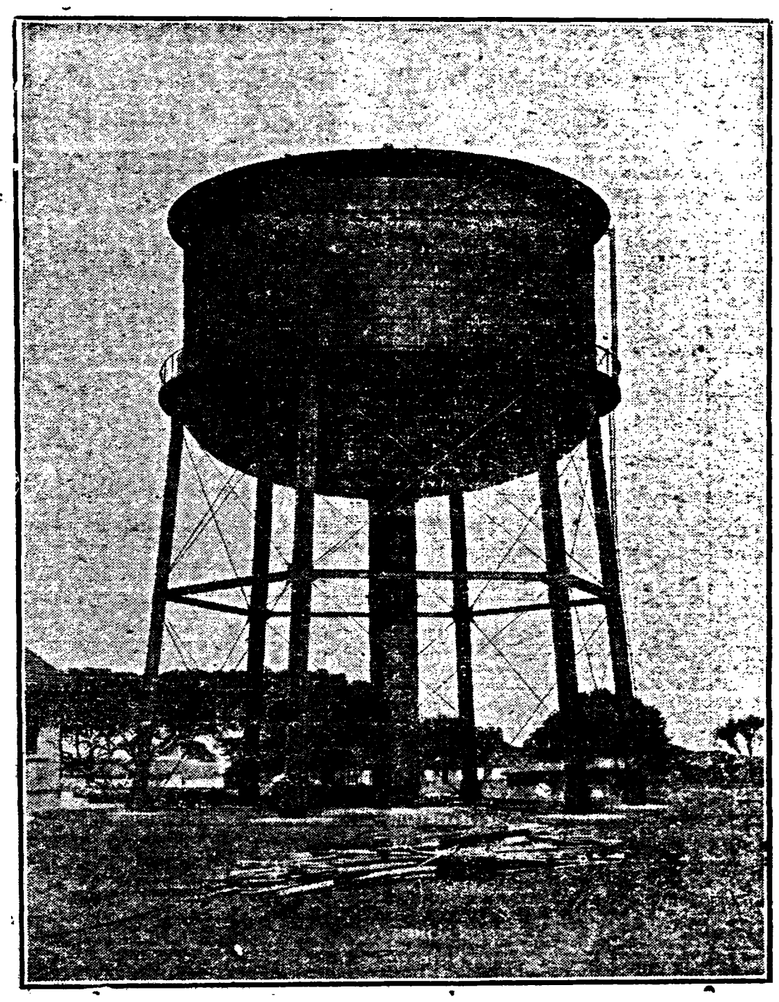

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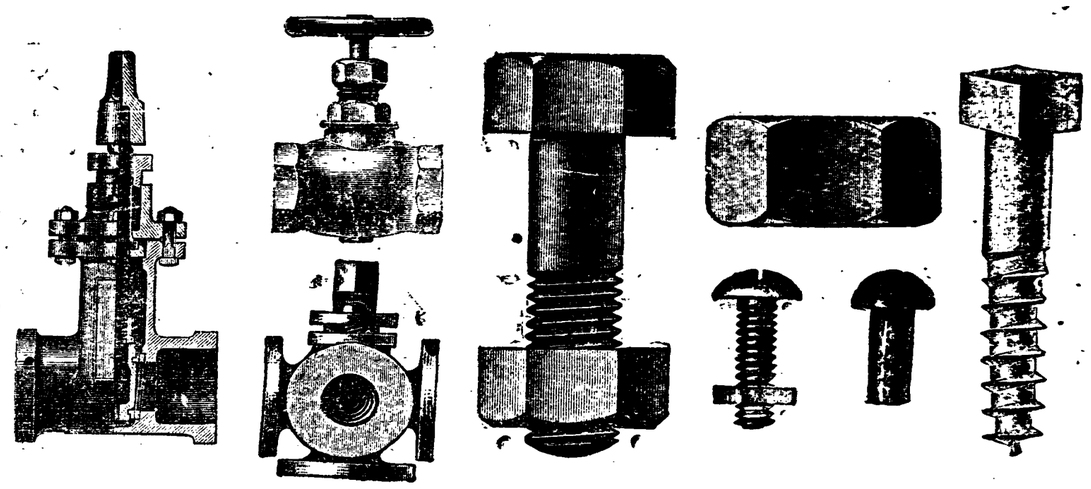

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